



INTRALOT Group

**SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT
(based on the Article 5 of L.3556/2007)
FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 30 June, 2016
ACCORDING TO
INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS (IFRS)**

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**Statement of the Members of the Board of Directors
(according to article 5 par. 2 of L.3556/2007)**

The

1. Sokratis P. Kokkalis, Chairman of the Board of Directors
2. Antonios I. Kerastaris, Group CEO
3. Sotirios N. Filos , Member of the Board of Directors

DECLARE THAT

As far as we know:

- a. the accompanying interim company and consolidated financial statements of the company "Intralot S.A." for the period 1st January 2016 to 30th June 2016, prepared according to the International Financial Reporting Standards, present truly and fairly the assets and liabilities, equity and the financial results of the Company, as well as of the companies included in the consolidation, according to par. 3 to 5 of article 5 of L. 3556/2007.
- b. the semi - annual Board of Directors Management Report presents a true and fair view of the information required according to par. 6 of article 5 of L. 3556/2007.
- c. the attached Financial Statements are those approved by the Board of Directors of "Intralot S.A." at 31th August 2016 and have been published to the electronic address www.intralot.com.

Maroussi, August 31st, 2016

The designees

S. P. Kokkalis

A. I. Kerastaris

S. N. Filos

Chairman of the Board of
Directors

Group CEO

Member of the Board of
Directors

SEMI-ANNUAL BOARD OF DIRECTORS MANAGEMENT REPORT

We submit to all interested parties the 1st half of 2016 interim financial statements according to the International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union, along with the present report for the period from January 1st to June 30, 2016. The present report of the Board of Directors of the company "INTRALOT S.A. INTEGRATED LOTTERY SYSTEMS AND SERVICES" has been composed according to the provision of par. 6, article 5 of the Law 3556/2007 and to the published executive resolutions 1/434/3-7-2008 and 7/448/11.10.2007 of the Capital Market Commission' Board of Directors.

PROGRESS OF THE GROUP'S AND COMPANY'S PERFORMANCE FOR THE PERIOD 1/1-30/6/2016 & BUSINESS DEVELOPMENTS FOR THE SECOND HALF OF 2016**FINANCIAL OVERVIEW**

INTRALOT during the first half of 2016 completed the merger of its Italian activities into Gamenet (controlling 20% of the combined operations), creating one of the leading players in the Italian gaming market, while in Peru it reached an agreement with Nexus Group to sell 80% of Intralot de Peru S.A.C. The above transactions are in line with INTRALOT Group's strategy to create, in selected countries, strategic partnerships with strong local partners that offer substantial synergies and local market know-how, strengthening the development of the local business. Moreover, during the first semester INTRALOT signed a 10 years contract with the State Lottery of Chile for the management of its games and the provision of technological solutions and support services, while it renewed its contracts in Brazil with the State lottery of Minas Gerais, in the Netherlands with the lotteries Nederlandse Staatsloterij and De Lotto and in the Philippines with Pacific Online Systems Corporation (POSC).

At group level, turnover during the first half of 2016 amounted to € 636,9 mil. from € 618,9 mil. in the corresponding period last year, an increase of 2.9%. Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortization (EBITDA), amounted to € 88,9 mil. from € 80,2 mil. in the first half of 2015, an increase of 10.9%. Earnings before taxes declined by 23.9% to € 19,6 mil., while Group net profit after minority interests amounted to € -15,9 mil. from € -22,7 mil. in the first half of 2015. The above results do not include the discontinued operations of the Group's subsidiaries in Italy and Intralot de Peru SAC in Peru. Concerning parent company results, turnover decreased by 26.1% to € 29,1 mil. in the first half of 2016, while profit after tax amounted to € -0,1 mil. from € -0,3 mil. in the first half of 2015.

CAPITAL STRUCTURE

The Group's cash balance from continuing operations reached €213,1 mil. in the first half of 2016, while total debt from continuing operations reached €723,9 mil., resulting in a total debt of €510,8 mil.

NEW PROJECTS / SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS

In January 2016, the INTRALOT Group signed a contract with the State Lottery organization of Chile 'Polla Chilena de Beneficencia' S.A. for the management of its games including the provision of integrated, best-of-breed technological solutions and services, as well as operational support services. Polla Chilena operates on a national basis numerical, instant lottery, and sports betting games in Chile. The ten-year contract, plus an option to extend for an additional period of two years, followed a competitive international procurement process. Under the terms of the contract, INTRALOT will install its flagship LOTOS™ O/S Gaming System, as well as 2,700 Photon terminals, incorporating INTRALOT's innovative Icon Digital Imaging technology, plus 800 Genion multi-functional terminals, in Polla Chilena Points of Sale countrywide.

In February 2016, INTRALOT S.A. announced that Diomedes Vassiliou stepped down as Group CFO to pursue other commercial interests effective February 29, 2016. The Board of Directors of INTRALOT thanked Mr. Vassiliou for his contribution and appointed Mr. George Koliastasis as new Group CFO, effective March 1, 2016. Mr. Koliastasis held the role of INTRACOM Holdings Group CFO prior to his appointment at INTRALOT. He has also served as CFO at Vodafone Greece, as Finance and Administration Director in consumer product multinationals and has held managerial positions in financial institutions.

In March 2016, INTRALOT Group announced that its subsidiary, INTRALOT do Brasil, signed a six-year renewal contract to continue to operate the lottery games in the State of Minas Gerais in Brazil. The renewed contract follows an initial successful six-year operation contract signed between the two parties, which has become a major funding source for social policy, education and health care initiatives in the district. INTRALOT deployed more than 2,500 of its proprietary terminals in this period and established 1,700 Points of Sales statewide. Currently, INTRALOT offers five games (Keno, Multiplix, Minas 5, Lotomias and Totolot). In the new contract period it is expected to expand even further its gaming portfolio adding Virtual Games initially in 400 points of sales, as well as alternative channels. INTRALOT will continue to have the complete operation of the project, including all related services.

In April 2016, INTRALOT Group announced that its subsidiary, INTRALOT NEDERLAND BV, signed an extension contract with the Nederlandse Staatsloterij/De Lotto lotteries, which announced their merger and the establishment of a new gaming entity. The extension contract has a three-year term, until April 2019, plus an option to extend for one additional year. The extension of the contract followed an initial successful six-year operation, which was sealed in 2008 after a dual international tender conducted by both lotteries. Under the terms of the extension contract, INTRALOT will continue to provide its best-in-class LOTOS™ O/S platform, along with the related services, connected to its 5,000 proprietary terminals, blended in a unique tailor made POS solution for the Dutch Lotteries. INTRALOT also provides a Prime and a Disaster Data Center, a call center for retailers and players, added to the industry-leading product solutions and services offered that will continue to facilitate the operations of the new merged entity.

In May 2016, Intralot Group announced that it reached an agreement with Nexus Group to sell 80% of Intralot de Peru S.A.C., its 100% owned subsidiary in Peru, and will continue to be the company's technological provider. Intralot Group will keep a 20% participation in Intralot de Peru S.A.C.'s capital stock. Intralot de Peru S.A.C. operates numerical games and sports betting in the country through a network of 3,700 POS and the Internet. The agreement is in line with Intralot Group's strategy to create, in selected countries, strategic partnerships with strong local partners that offer substantial synergies and local market know-how, strengthening the development of the local business. Closing of this transaction is subject to the completion of certain condition precedents typical for this kind of transactions, including third party consents. The Company will follow-up with further announcements as required by regulation.

In May 2016, INTRALOT signed an extension contract with Pacific Online Systems Corporation (POSC), a public listed company that runs the games of the Philippines Charity Sweepstakes Office (PCSO), until 31 August 2018. This is the 5th amendment between the two parties, since the establishment of their cooperation in 2006 that has resulted to a continuous growth and expansion of services for POSC. Under the terms of the extension contract, INTRALOT will continue to supply POSC with the industry's most advanced and reliable LOTOS™ online lottery system and provide the company with 1,200 terminals plus an additional 800 main units to be connected in the expanded network of PoS.

In June 28, 2016, the INTRALOT Group and Trilantic Capital Partners Europe (TCP), the controlling shareholder of Gamenet S.p.A. ("Gamenet"), announced that they completed the combination of the Italian activities of the INTRALOT Group into Gamenet. This step followed the announcement of the signature of a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) which was communicated on March 21, 2016, and the signature of binding arrangements in respect thereto communicated on May 26, 2016. The completion of the transaction was cleared by the competent Antitrust Authority and became effective on July 1, 2016. The INTRALOT Group will control 20% of the combined operations and TCP approx. 80%. This transaction creates one of the leading players in the Italian gaming market, as the combined group has pro-forma revenues of approx. €1 billion and will become one of the largest operators in the Italian gaming market with a network of approximately 750 betting shops that will continue to use the INTRALOT's brand name, approx. 8,200 VLTs, over 50,000 AWP licenses and more than 60 directly owned and managed gaming halls.

SIGNIFICANT DEVELOPMENTS AFTER THE END OF THE FIRST HALF OF 2016

In July 11, 2016, INTRALOT announced the completion of the acquisition of a strategic stake in a leading gaming company in Bulgaria, Eurobet, via its Bulgarian subsidiary, BILOT, following the approval by the Competition Protection Commission. This step followed the acquisition agreement of Eurobet, which was announced in April 6, 2016. Specifically, BILOT acquired a 49% stake in Eurobet, a company that offers to the Bulgarian market numerical games and scratch tickets through a network of 1,100 Points of Sales countrywide. INTRALOT already has a strong presence in

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the country as the 49% owner of Eurofootball, offering Fixed Odds and Live Betting through a network of 850 shops, since 2002.

In August 2016, INTRALOT announced that it has entered into discussions on an exclusive basis with Tatts regarding a potential sale of INTRALOT's Australian and New Zealand businesses. The Company will proceed to the relative announcements as required by regulation obligations should any definite agreement is concluded.

PROSPECTS AND CHALLENGES FOR THE SECOND HALF OF 2016

The lottery industry experiences significant changes and is facing both increased challenges and a wealth of opportunities. Regulatory initiatives, market liberalization, technological convergence, new business models and the need to attract new customer demographics all set the pace of change and the bases of very interesting developments. By leveraging the industry's intrinsic values of contribution to social causes, preservation and advancement of responsible gaming practices and brand loyalty and trust, lotteries have unique advantages to compete in an open market across the globe.

Optimization of existing projects

With presence in 54 jurisdictions in all 5 continents, the Company runs projects in advanced and mature gaming markets, but it also has contracts in developing markets and projects in immature markets with significant growth potential. INTRALOT aims to further penetrate its existing markets with the continuous improvement of products and services and the development of new technologies. At the same time its goal is to improve the profitability of the projects, mainly by reducing the operating costs and increasing the productivity.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

ENTERPRISE RISK MANAGEMENT

The Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) Framework documents the good practices adopted by the INTRALOT Group in order to identify, assess and manage risks related to the achievement of its business objectives.

INTRALOT ERM targets at the assurance of stakeholder and shareholder trust through the appropriate and continuous balancing of risk and value.

INTRALOT ERM follows a holistic approach for taking into account all parameters that drive the execution of INTRALOT Group Strategy, including INTRALOT's financial health, operations, people, technology, compliance, products and reputation.

ERM provides the means to continuously monitor risk, align it with the changing internal and external parameters and manage it according to the defined corporate risk appetite.

The Enterprise Risk Management (ERM) Framework is designed according to the specifications of COSO (Committee of Sponsorship Organizations of the Treadway Commission) and ISACA (COBIT for RISK). It is a holistic strategic framework taking into account risks related to the business objectives of INTRALOT GROUP.

The framework incorporates the following components:

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1. Objective setting: Objectives are clearly defined in order to be used as a reference point for the identification of risks. A process is in place for setting objectives that align with INTRALOT's mission and are consistent with the corporate risk appetite.
2. Risk assessment: Risks are analyzed in relation to the objectives and by determining the likelihood of and impact from the realization of an adverse event.
3. Risk response: Management selects risk responses – avoiding, accepting, reducing, or sharing risk – developing a set of actions to align risks with the entity's risk tolerances and risk appetite.
4. Event identification: Internal and external events affecting the achievement of INTRALOT objectives are identified.
5. Internal environment: The internal environment sets the basis for how risk is viewed and addressed by people, including risk management philosophy and risk appetite, integrity and ethical values, and the environment in which they operate.
6. Control activities: Policies, procedures, strategies and action plans in general are established and implemented to help ensure the risk responses are effectively carried out.
7. Information and communication: Relevant information is identified, captured, and communicated in a form and time frame that enable people to carry out their responsibilities.
8. Monitoring: Risk is monitored and modifications made as necessary. Monitoring is accomplished through ongoing management activities, separate evaluations, or both.

Description of significant risks and uncertainties

FINANCIAL RISKS

The Group's international activities create several financial risks in the Group's operation, due to constant changes in the global financial environment. The Group beyond the traditional risks of liquidity risk and credit risk also faces market risk. The most significant of these risks are currency risk and interest rate risk. The risk management program is a dynamic process that is constantly evolving and adapted according to market conditions and aims to minimize potential negative impact on financial results. The basic risk management policies are set by the Group Management. The risk management policy is implemented by the Treasury Department of the Group which operates under specific guidelines approved by management.

Credit risk

The Group does not have significant credit risk concentration because of the wide dispersion of its customers and the fact that credit limits are set through signed contracts. The maximum exposure of credit risk amounts to the aggregate values presented in the balance sheet. In order to minimize the potential credit risk exposure arising from cash and cash equivalents, the Group sets limits regarding the amount of credit exposure to any financial institution. Moreover, in order to secure its transactions even more, the Group adopted an internal rating system, regarding credit rating evaluation, using the relevant financial indices.

Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. The Group took measures to obtain certain policies to monitor the liquidity in order to hold liquid assets that can cover Group's liabilities.

Market Risk
1) Foreign Exchange risk

Fluctuations in exchange rates can have significant effects on the Group's currency positions. Group transactions are carried out in more than one currency and therefore there is a high exposure in foreign exchange rate fluctuations against the euro, which is the main underlying economic currency. On the other hand, the Group's activity abroad also helps to create a significant advantage in foreign exchange risk management, due to the diversification in the currency portfolio. This kind of risk mainly results from commercial transactions in foreign currency as well as investments in foreign entities. For managing this type of risk, the Group enters into derivative financial instruments with various financial institutions. The Group's policy regarding the foreign exchange risk concerns not only the parent company but also the Group's subsidiaries.

Sensitivity Analysis in Currency movements amounts of the period 1/1 – 30/6/2016 (in thousand € - total operations)				
Foreign Currency	Currency Movement	Effect in Earnings before taxes		Effect in Equity
USD:	5%		293	1.681
	-5%		-265	-1.521
TRY:	5%		1.186	881
	-5%		-1.073	-797
PEN:	5%		143	863
	-5%		-129	-781
BRL:	5%		134	-1.169
	-5%		-122	1.057
JMD:	5%		355	1.158
	-5%		-321	-1.048
ARS:	5%		277	83
	-5%		-251	-75
RON:	5%		-6	677
	-5%		6	-612

Sensitivity Analysis in Currency movements amounts of the period 1/1 – 30/6/2015 (in thousand € - total operations)				
Foreign Currency	Currency Movement	Effect in Earnings before taxes		Effect in Equity
USD:	5%		-154	2.533
	-5%		140	-2.292
TRY:	5%		1.450	1.537
	-5%		-1.312	-1.391
PEN:	5%		166	143
	-5%		-150	-130
BRL:	5%		-173	-652
	-5%		157	590
JMD:	5%		417	1.172
	-5%		-377	-1.061
ARS:	5%		348	140
	-5%		-315	-127
RON:	5%		-37	786
	-5%		34	-712

2) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Group's activities are closely linked to interest rates because of investment and long and short term borrowings. To manage this risk category, the Group uses financial hedging instruments in order to reduce its exposure to interest rate risk. The Group's policy on managing its exposure to interest rate risk affects not only the parent company but also its subsidiaries for the loans concluded in euros or local currency.

The Group's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to long-term borrowings of the Group's with floating rate. The Group also manages interest rate risk by having a balanced portfolio of loans with fixed and floating rate borrowings. On June 30, 2016, taking into account the impact of financial hedging products, approximately 72% of the Group's borrowings are at a fixed rate (31/12/2015: 71%). As a result, the impact of interest rate fluctuations in operating results and cash flows of the Group's operating activities is small, as shown in the following sensitivity analysis.

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in interest rates after the impact of financial hedging products. With all other variables held constant, the Group's profit before tax is affected by the impact on floating rate, as follows:

Sensitivity Analysis of Group Loans in Interest Rates Changes

Amounts for 1/1-30/6/2016	Change in interest rate	Effect on profit before tax
Euribor 1M	+/- 1%	1.000

Amounts for 1/1-30/6/2015	Change in interest rate	Effect on profit before tax
Euribor 1M	+/- 1%	1.000

OPERATING RISKS

Winners' payouts in sports betting

INTRALOT is one of the largest sports betting operator worldwide. The winners' payout in sports betting may fluctuate in the short-term since it depends on the outcome of the events. The fluctuation of the payout may affect the financial results of INTRALOT since it represents a significant cost element for the Company.

Gaming sector and economic activity

The gaming market is affected by the economic cycles since lottery products are consumer products. However, the gaming sector is more resilient than other sectors of the economy. Specifically, during an economic downturn, frequent draw games (like KENO or VLTs) are most likely to present a reduction in revenues, while lotto type games are less affected. With its international expansion,

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INTRALOT has achieved significant diversification and has reduced its dependency on the performance of individual markets and economies.

Gaming Taxation

The financial crisis has increased the budget deficits of many countries. The increase of the taxation of lottery games constitutes sometimes an easy, but not correct in our opinion, solution for the governments to finance these deficits. Nevertheless, such measures may affect INTRALOT's financial results.

MATERIAL TRANSACTIONS BETWEEN THE COMPANY AND RELATED PARTIES:

The most important transactions between the Company and its related parties as per IAS 24 are presented on the table below:

Group (total operations)	Income		Expense	
	1/1/2016- 30/6/2016	1/1/2015- 30/6/2015	1/1/2016- 30/6/2016	1/1/2015- 30/6/2015
Intracom Holdings Group	138	63	1.358	2.134
Hellenic Lotteries S.A.	2.558	8.591	0	0
Baltech LTD	0	0	0	1.006
Other related parties	1.113	1.273	1.838	1.641
Executives and members of the board	0	0	4.966	5.727
Total	3.809	9.927	8.162	10.508

Company	Income		Expense	
	1/1/2016- 30/6/2016	1/1/2015- 30/6/2015	1/1/2016- 30/6/2016	1/1/2015- 30/6/2015
Inteltek Internet AS	6.247	12.748	0	0
Intracom Holdings Group	13	33	1.339	2.132
Bilyoner Interaktif Hizmetler A.S.	4.641	4.612	0	0
Intralot Inc	2.619	1.872	36	0
Intralot International LTD	149	172	667	2.130
Intralot Finance UK PLC	0	0	7.948	3.504
Intralot Finance Luxembourg S.A.	0	0	0	9.445
Hellenic Lotteries S.A.	2.558	6.811	0	0
Azerinteltek AS	586	2.467	0	0
Intralot Services S.A.	43	45	1.830	764
Eurofootball Print Ltd	36	1.713	0	0
Intralot Maroc S.A.	1.050	85	-42	-54
Other related parties	6.540	6.374	1.086	865
Executives and members of the board	0	0	2.280	2.877
Total	24.482	36.932	15.144	21.663

Group	Receivable		Payable	
	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Intracom Holdings Group	8.377	8.495	16.134	15.802
Lotrich Information Co LTD	914	4.480	-4	1
Hellenic Lotteries S.A.	4.375	1.403	0	0
Bit8 Limited	3.379	2.232	753	474
Gamenet Group SpA	3.500	0	3.500	0
Other related parties	14.737	15.249	5.029	5.141
Executives and members of the board	351	711	154	507
Total	35.633	32.570	25.566	21.925

Company	Receivable		Payable	
	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Inteltek Internet AS	1.095	2.007	0	0
Intracom Holdings Group	6.945	7.158	15.406	15.057
Intralot Inc	9.010	6.773	690	471
Pollot Sp.zoo	3.755	7.985	0	0
Intralot de Peru SAC	346	10.587	0	0
Loteria Moldovei S.A.	1.514	1.515	0	0
LotRom S.A.	1.663	1.663	13.903	13.901
Intralot Nederland B.V.	2.561	2.089	0	11
Betting Company S.A.	487	625	5.470	5.160
Betting Cyprus LTD	0	0	3.914	3.914
Intralot Do Brazil LTDA	20.820	19.952	0	0
Intralot Australia PTY LTD	4.329	3.650	0	2
Intralot Beijing Co LTD	0	0	2.729	2.896
Maltco LTD	1.900	2.000	11	0
Intralot Dominicana S.A.	2.087	2.360	0	0
Intralot Finance UK PLC	0	17	235.444	241.004
Intralot Gaming Services PTY LTD	8.249	7.894	20	20
Intralot Finance Luxembourg S.A.	2.163	2.163	0	0
Lotrich Information Co LTD	914	4.480	-4	1
Hellenic Lotteries S.A.	1.076	1.403	0	0
Intralot Holdings & Services S.p.A.	0	30	0	1.036
Azerinteltek AS	586	1.110	0	0
Intralot Gaming Machines S.p.A.	0	1.335	0	0
Ilot Capital UK LTD	0	0	26.243	20.513
Ilot Investments UK LTD	0	0	26.243	20.513
Intralot Services S.A.	614	569	1.553	936
Intralot Maroc S.A.	1.516	564	0	0
Other related parties	13.934	14.259	29	1.598
Executives and members of the board	0	0	0	246
Total	85.564	102.188	331.651	327.279

From the Company's income for the period 1/1-30/6/2016, €9.588 thousand (1/1-30/6/2015: €16.295 thousand) relate to dividends from subsidiaries and associate companies Inteltek Internet AS and Bilyoner AS.

From the Group's income for the period 1/1-30 /6/2015, €1.780 thousand concern dividends from related company Hellenic Lotteries SA.

The BoD and Key Management Personnel fees for the Group and the Company for the period 1/1-30/6/2016 were €5,0 million and €2,3 million respectively (1/1-30/6/2015: €5,7 million and €2,9 million respectively).

From the data presented above, but also from the financial statements, you can configure a complete picture of the Group for the period 1/1-30 /6/2016.

Maroussi, 31 August 2016

Sincerely,
Group CEO

Antonios I. Kerastaris

REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL INFORMATION

To the Shareholders of the company "INTRALOT SA INTEGRATED LOTTERY SYSTEMS AND SERVICES"

Introduction

We have reviewed the accompanying condensed separate and consolidated statement of financial position of «INTRALOT SA INTEGRATED LOTTERY SYSTEMS AND SERVICES» (the "Company") as at 30 June 2016 and the relative condensed separate and consolidated statements of comprehensive income, changes in equity and cash flows for the six-month period then ended, as well as the selected explanatory notes, that constitute the condensed interim financial information, which is an integral part of the six-month financial report under the L. 3556/2007. Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this condensed interim financial information, in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, as adopted by the European Union (EU) and which apply to Interim Financial Reporting (International Accounting Standard "IAS 34"). Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on this condensed interim financial information based on our review.

Scope of Review

We conducted our review in accordance with International Standard on Review Engagements 2410, "Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity". A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with International Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying condensed interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with International Accounting Standard "IAS 34".

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our review, we concluded that the content of the six-month financial report, as required by article 5 of L.3556/2007, is consistent with the accompanying condensed interim financial information.

Athens, 2 September 2016

Certified Public Accountants Auditors

Evangelos D. Kosmatos
Institute of CPA (SOEL) Reg. No. 13561

Associated Certified Public Accountants s.a.
member of Crowe Horwath International
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INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
INCOME STATEMENT GROUP / COMPANY FOR THE 1ST HALF OF 2016

Amounts reported in thousand €	Note	GROUP		COMPANY	
		1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015
Sale Proceeds	2.2	636.871	618.937	29.092	39.349
Less: Cost of Sales		-517.673	-502.821	-19.333	-25.982
Gross Profit / (loss)		119.198	116.116	9.759	13.367
Other Operating Income		10.210	12.387	14.447	35.075
Selling Expenses		-27.414	-27.332	-5.264	-3.854
Administrative Expenses		-42.404	-45.600	-6.498	-6.257
Research and Development Expenses		-2.697	-4.353	-2.663	-4.316
Other Operating Expenses	2.6	-1.375	-3.471	-12.327	-4.146
EBIT	2.1.5	55.518	47.747	-2.546	29.869
EBITDA	2.1.5	88.899	80.165	2.800	34.278
Income/(expenses) from participations and investments	2.4	-1.358	802	9.599	-19.912
Gain/(loss) from assets disposal, impairment loss and write-off of assets	2.5	-1.772	248	5	0
Interest and similar expenses	2.7	-34.124	-34.756	-9.643	-14.399
Interest and similar income	2.7	6.236	7.832	1.640	1.947
Exchange Differences	2.8	-3.146	5.775	-454	2.823
Profit / (loss) from equity method consolidations		-1.773	-1.932	0	0
Operating Profit/(loss) before tax from continuing operations		19.581	25.716	-1.399	328
Tax	2.3	-15.315	-25.369	1.340	-612
Profit / (loss) after tax from continuing operations (a)		4.266	347	-59	-284
Profit / (loss) after tax from discontinued operations (b) ¹		35.288	-8.310	0	0
Profit / (loss) after tax (continuing and discontinued operations) (a)+(b)		39.554	-7.963	-59	-284
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of parent					
-Profit/(loss) from continuing operations		-15.894	-22.684	-59	-284
-Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations ¹	2.19	35.288	-8.310	0	0
		19.394	-30.994	-59	-284
Non-Controlling Interest					
-Profit/(loss) from continuing operations		20.160	23.031	0	0
-Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations ¹	2.19	0	0	0	0
		20.160	23.031	0	0
Earnings/(loss) after tax per share (in €) from total operations					
-basic	2.19	0,1225	-0,1956	-0,0004	-0,0018
-diluted	2.19	0,1225	-0,1956	-0,0004	-0,0018
Weighted Average number of shares		158.379.761	158.490.975	158.379.761	158.490.975

¹ The Group's activities in Italy and those of Intralot de Peru SAC are presented as discontinued operations pursuant to IFRS 5 (note 2.19.A.VIII)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME GROUP / COMPANY FOR THE 1ST HALF OF 2016

Amounts reported in thousand €	Note	GROUP		COMPANY	
		1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015
Net Profit / (loss) after tax (continuing and discontinued operations) (a)+(b)		39.554	-7.963	-59	-284
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of parent					
-Profit/(loss) from continuing operations		-15.894	-22.684	-59	-284
-Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations ¹		35.288	-8.310	0	0
		19.394	-30.994	-59	-284
Non-Controlling Interest					
-Profit/(loss) from continuing operations		20.160	23.031	0	0
-Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations ¹		0	0	0	0
		20.160	23.031	0	0
Other comprehensive income after tax					
Amounts that may not be reclassified to profit or loss:					
Defined benefit plans revaluation for subsidiaries and parent company		311	-8	0	0
Amounts that may be reclassified to profit or loss:					
Valuation of available- for -sale financial assets of parent and subsidiaries	2.11	-1.279	-919	-1	1
Share of valuation of available- for -sale financial assets of associates and joint ventures		0	0	0	0
Derivatives valuation of parent and subsidiaries		-67	-32	-67	0
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations of subsidiaries	2.14	-1.317	1.096	0	0
Share of exchange differences on translating foreign operations of associates and joint ventures	2.14	-2.683	7.164	0	0
Other comprehensive income/ (expenses) after tax		-5.035	7.301	-68	1
Total comprehensive income / (expenses) after tax		34.519	-662	-127	-283
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of parent		17.175	-23.327	-127	-283
Non-Controlling Interest		17.344	22.665	0	0

¹ The Group's activities in Italy and those of Intralot de Peru SAC are presented as discontinued operations pursuant to IFRS 5 (note 2.19.A.VIII)

INCOME STATEMENT GROUP / COMPANY FOR THE 2ND QUARTER OF 2016

Amounts reported in thousand €	Note	GROUP		COMPANY	
		1/4-30/6/2016	1/4-30/6/2015	1/4-30/6/2016	1/4-30/6/2015
Sale Proceeds	2.2	331.890	292.930	15.239	24.212
Less: Cost of Sales		-271.630	-238.340	-8.634	-13.737
Gross Profit / (loss)		60.260	54.590	6.605	10.475
Other Operating Income		3.940	7.487	9.445	33.588
Selling Expenses		-13.958	-12.869	-2.212	-1.830
Administrative Expenses		-21.109	-23.236	-3.228	-3.249
Research and Development Expenses		-863	-2.238	-848	-2.249
Other Operating Expenses	2.6	-691	-2.323	-12.265	-4.147
EBIT	2.1.5	27.579	21.411	-2.503	32.588
EBITDA	2.1.5	44.392	37.919	179	34.808
Income/(expenses) from participations and investments	2.4	-2.426	1.687	4.958	-24.588
Gain/(loss) from assets disposal, impairment loss and write-off of assets	2.5	-1.669	-434	0	0
Interest and similar expenses	2.7	-16.754	-17.086	-4.770	-7.165
Interest and similar income	2.7	3.042	4.011	876	931
Exchange Differences	2.8	468	-3.000	-7	-1.324
Profit / (loss) from equity method consolidations		-854	-1.162	0	0
Operating Profit/(loss) before tax from continuing operations		9.386	5.427	-1.446	442
Tax	2.3	-6.394	-12.494	1.166	301
Profit / (loss) after tax from continuing operations (a)		2.992	-7.067	-280	743
Profit / (loss) after tax from discontinued operations (b) ¹		37.417	-6.146	0	0
Profit / (loss) after tax (continuing and discontinued operations) (a)+(b)		40.409	-13.213	-280	743
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of parent					
-Profit/(loss) from continuing operations		-6.011	-15.928	-280	743
-Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations ¹	2.19	37.417	-6.146	0	0
		31.406	-22.074	-280	743
Non-Controlling Interest					
-Profit/(loss) from continuing operations		9.003	8.861	0	0
-Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations ¹	2.19	0	0	0	0
		9.003	8.861	0	0
Earnings/(loss) after tax per share (in €) from total operations					
-basic	2.19	0,1983	-0,1393	-0,0018	0,0047
-diluted	2.19	0,1983	-0,1393	-0,0018	0,0047
Weighted Average number of shares		158.379.761	158.490.975	158.379.761	158.490.975

¹ The Group's activities in Italy and those of Intralot de Peru SAC are presented as discontinued operations pursuant to IFRS 5 (note 2.19.A.VIII)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME GROUP / COMPANY FOR THE 2ND QUARTER OF 2016

Amounts reported in thousand €	Note	GROUP		COMPANY	
		1/4-30/6/2016	1/4-30/6/2015	1/4-30/6/2016	1/4-30/6/2015
Net Profit / (loss) after tax (continuing and discontinued operations) (a)+(b)		40.409	-13.213	-280	743
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of parent					
-Profit/(loss) from continuing operations		-6.011	-15.928	-280	743
-Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations ¹		37.417	-6.146	0	0
		31.406	-22.074	-280	743
Non-Controlling Interest					
-Profit/(loss) from continuing operations		9.003	8.861	0	0
-Profit/(loss) from discontinued operations ¹		0	0	0	0
		9.003	8.861	0	0
Other comprehensive income after tax					
Amounts that may not be reclassified to profit or loss:					
Defined benefit plans revaluation for subsidiaries and parent company		412	2	0	0
Amounts that may be reclassified to profit or loss:					
Valuation of available- for -sale financial assets of parent and subsidiaries	2.11	-222	-177	-5	2
Share of valuation of available- for -sale financial assets of associates and joint ventures		0	0	0	0
Derivatives valuation of parent and subsidiaries		-17	-32	-17	0
Exchange differences on translating foreign operations of subsidiaries	2.14	3.921	-15.245	0	0
Share of exchange differences on translating foreign operations of associates and joint ventures	2.14	1.483	-3.479	0	0
Other comprehensive income/ (expenses) after tax		5.577	-18.931	-22	2
Total comprehensive income / (expenses) after tax		45.986	-32.144	-302	745
Attributable to:					
Equity holders of parent		36.714	-35.926	-302	745
Non-Controlling Interest		9.272	3.782	0	0

¹ The Group's activities in Italy and those of Intralot de Peru SAC are presented as discontinued operations pursuant to IFRS 5 (note 2.19.A.VIII)

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION GROUP/COMPANY

Amounts reported in thousand €	Note	GROUP		COMPANY	
		30/6/2016	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
ASSETS					
Tangible assets	2.9	130.257	166.445	17.910	17.338
Investment property	2.9	5.255	5.805	0	0
Intangible assets	2.9	321.886	328.827	84.298	83.144
Investment in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures	2.10	120.758	40.863	181.522	172.294
Other financial assets	2.11	23.004	26.085	3.242	3.243
Deferred Tax asset		6.462	9.115	0	0
Other long term receivables		55.154	70.225	144	200
Total Non-Current Assets		662.776	647.365	287.116	276.219
Inventories	2.12	38.730	42.591	25.937	24.064
Trade and other short term receivables		166.779	202.732	111.291	127.092
Other financial assets		0	0	0	0
Cash and cash equivalents	2.13	213.086	276.609	42.616	35.859
Total Current Assets		418.595	521.932	179.844	187.015
Assets held for sale ¹	2.19	31.967	0	0	0
TOTAL ASSETS		1.113.338	1.169.297	466.960	463.234
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES					
Share capital	2.14	47.689	47.689	47.689	47.689
Treasury shares	2.14	-670	-490	-670	-490
Other reserves	2.14	58.829	62.211	45.659	45.727
Foreign currency translation	2.14	-58.489	-59.410	0	0
Retained earnings	2.15	101.398	79.563	7.273	7.332
Reserves from profit / (loss) recognized directly in other comprehensive income and are related to assets held for sale ¹	2.19	-2.164	0	0	0
Total equity attributable to shareholders of the parent		146.593	129.563	99.951	100.258
Non-Controlling Interest		61.669	77.819	0	0
Total Equity		208.262	207.382	99.951	100.258
Long term debt	2.16	507.001	716.094	287.806	280.673
Staff retirement indemnities		5.246	6.879	3.263	3.412
Other long term provisions	2.19	6.058	6.638	4.970	4.665
Deferred Tax liabilities		16.197	16.142	6.409	6.700
Other long term liabilities		18.395	19.113	0	0
Finance lease obligation	2.20	1.073	1.966	0	0
Total Non-Current Liabilities		553.970	766.832	302.448	295.450
Trade and other short term liabilities		104.227	135.280	60.476	62.200
Short term debt and finance lease		215.801	36.180	125	1.358
Current income tax payable		6.847	14.986	0	608
Short term provision	2.19	9.093	8.637	3.960	3.360
Total Current Liabilities		335.968	195.083	64.561	67.526
Liabilities directly related to assets held for sale ¹	2.19	15.138	0	0	0
TOTAL LIABILITIES		905.076	961.915	367.009	362.976
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES		1.113.338	1.169.297	466.960	463.234

¹ The Group's subsidiaries activities in Italy and those of Intralot de Peru SAC are presented as assets held for sale pursuant to IFRS 5 note 2.19.A.VIII)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY GROUP

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY INTRALOT GROUP (Amounts reported in thousand of €)	Share Capital	Treasury Shares	Legal Reserve	Other Reserves	Foreign currency translation	Retained Earnings	Assets held for sale reserves ¹	Total	Non- Controlling Interest	Grand Total
Opening Balance 1 January 2016	47.689	-490	30.561	31.650	-59.410	79.563	0	129.563	77.819	207.382
Effect on retained earnings from previous years adjustments						35		35	81	116
Subsidiary share capital return								0	-3.375	-3.375
Period's results						19.394		19.394	20.160	39.554
Other comprehensive income / (expenses) after tax				-930	-1.243	-46		-2.219	-2.816	-5.035
Dividends to equity holders of parent / non-controlling interest								0	-30.200	-30.200
Discontinued operations					2.164			-2.164		0
Transfer between Reserves			-2.378	-74		2.452		0		0
Repurchase of own shares		-180						-180		-180
Balances as at 30 June 2016	47.689	-670	28.183	30.646	-58.489	101.398	-2.164	146.593	61.669	208.262

¹Reserves from profit / (loss) recognized directly in other comprehensive income and are related to assets held for sale (note 2.19.A.VIII)

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY INTRALOT GROUP (Amounts reported in thousand of €)	Share Capital	Treasury Shares	Legal Reserve	Other Reserves	Foreign currency translation	Retained Earnings	Assets held for sale reserves	Total	Non- Controlling Interest	Grand Total
Opening Balance 1 January 2015	47.689	-490	26.001	33.806	-57.090	167.563	0	217.479	100.060	317.539
Effect on retained earnings from previous years adjustments						-5		-5	1	-4
Subsidiary share capital increase								0	154	154
Period's results						-30.994		-30.994	23.031	-7.963
Other comprehensive income / (expenses) after tax				-949	8.620	-4		7.667	-366	7.301
Dividends to equity holders of parent / non-controlling interest								0	-52.111	-52.111
Transfer between Reserves			2.948	-538		-2.410		0		0
Balances as at 30 June 2015	47.689	-490	28.949	32.319	-48.470	134.150	0	194.147	70.769	264.916

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY COMPANY

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY INTRALOT S.A. (Amounts reported in thousand of €)	Share Capital	Treasury Shares	Legal Reserve	Other Reserves	Retained Earnings	Total
Opening Balance 1 January 2016	47.689	-490	15.896	29.831	7.332	100.258
Period's results					-59	-59
Other comprehensive income /(expenses) after tax				-68		-68
Repurchase of own shares		-180				-180
Balances as at 30 June 2016	47.689	-670	15.896	29.763	7.273	99.951

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY INTRALOT S.A. (Amounts reported in thousand of €)	Share Capital	Treasury Shares	Legal Reserve	Other Reserves	Retained Earnings	Total
Opening Balance 1 January 2015	47.689	-490	15.896	30.168	10.420	103.683
Effect on retained earnings from previous years adjustments					-18	-18
Period's results					-284	-284
Other comprehensive income /(expenses) after tax				1		1
Transfer between Reserves				-542	542	0
Balances as at 30 June 2015	47.689	-490	15.896	29.627	10.660	103.382

CASH FLOW STATEMENT GROUP/COMPANY

Amounts reported in thousand of € (total operations)	Note	GROUP		COMPANY	
		1/1- 30/6/2016	1/1- 30/6/2015	1/1- 30/6/2016	1/1- 30/6/2015
Operating activities					
Profit / (loss) before tax from continuing operations		19.581	25.716	-1.399	328
Profit / (loss) before tax from discontinued operations	2.19	36.270	-8.103	0	0
Profit / (loss) before Taxation		55.851	17.613	-1.399	328
Plus / Less adjustments for:					
Depreciation and Amortization		49.756	47.641	5.346	4.409
Provisions	2.5/2.6	2.669	2.417	-1.923	5.523
Results (income, expenses, gain and loss) from Investing Activities	2.4/2.5 2.8/2.10	-37.214	-6.029	-9.228	-18.845
Interest and similar expenses	2.7	35.122	35.154	9.643	14.399
Interest and similar Income	2.7	-6.363	-7.887	-1.640	-1.947
Plus / Less adjustments for changes in working capital:					
Decrease / (increase) of Inventories		-215	1.576	-1.873	4.531
Decrease / (increase) of Receivable Accounts		-251	-13.075	10.101	8.417
(Decrease) / increase of Payable Accounts (except Banks)		1.843	-19.151	-2.523	-12.761
Less: Income Tax Paid		15.028	16.507	0	0
Total inflows / (outflows) from operating activities (a)		86.170	41.752	6.504	4.054
Investing Activities					
(Purchases) / Sales of subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures and other investments	2.11 2.19	-22.632	10.600	1.245	-171
Purchases of tangible and intangible assets	2.9	-28.731	-35.957	-6.865	-6.668
Proceeds from sales of tangible and intangible assets	2.9	2.343	1.519	7	0
Interest received		4.664	7.374	1.159	379
Dividends received		1.011	1.867	8.350	3.976
Total inflows / (outflows) from investing activities (b)		-43.345	-14.597	3.896	-2.484
Financing Activities					
Subsidiary share capital return		-3.375	0	0	0
Repurchase of own shares		-180	0	-180	0
Cash inflows from loans	2.16	22.122	24.838	10.000	19.604
Repayment of loans	2.16	-35.819	-24.508	-10.747	-5.947
Bond buy backs	2.16	-14.332	-39.714	0	0
Repayments of finance lease obligations		-5.743	-5.775	0	0
Interest and similar expenses paid		-31.489	-33.764	-3.168	-5.711
Dividends paid	2.15	-27.959	-19.678	0	0
Total inflows / (outflows) from financing activities (c)		-96.775	-98.601	-4.095	7.946
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period (a) + (b) + (c)		-53.950	-71.446	6.305	9.516
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	2.13	276.609	416.925	35.859	7.875
Net foreign exchange difference		-3.175	-5.558	452	-434
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period from total operations	2.13	219.484	339.921	42.616	16.957
Less: Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period from discontinued operations	2.19	-6.398	0	0	0
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period from continuing operations	2.13	213.086	339.921	42.616	16.957

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

INTRALOT S.A. – “Integrated Lottery Systems and Gaming Services”, with the distinct title «INTRALOT» is a business entity that was established based on the Laws of Hellenic Republic, whose shares are traded in the Athens Stock Exchange. Reference to «INTRALOT» or the «Company» includes INTRALOT S.A. whereas reference to the «Group» includes INTRALOT S.A. and its fully consolidated subsidiaries, unless otherwise stated. The Company was established in 1992 and has its registered office in Maroussi of Attica.

INTRALOT, a public listed company, is the leading supplier of integrated gaming and transaction processing systems, innovative game content, sports betting management and interactive gaming services to state-licensed gaming organizations worldwide. Its broad portfolio of products & services, its know-how of Lottery, Betting, Racing & Video Lottery operations and its leading-edge technology, give INTRALOT a competitive advantage, which contributes directly to customers’ efficiency, profitability and growth. With presence in 54 countries and states, with approximately 5.200 employees and revenues of €1,91 billion for 2015, INTRALOT has established its presence on all 5 major continents.

The interim condensed financial statements of the Group and the Company for the period ended June 30, 2016 were approved by the Board of Directors on August 31, 2016.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1.1 Basis of preparation of the Financial Statements

The attached financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, except for the available-for-sale financial assets and the derivative financial instruments that are measured at fair value, or at cost if the difference is not a significant amount, and on condition that the Company and the Group would continue as a going concern. The attached financial statements are presented in Euros and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (€’000) except if indicated otherwise.

2.1.2 Statement of compliance

These financial statements for the period ended 30 June 2016 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34 “Interim Financial Reporting”. Those interim condensed financial statements do not include all the information and disclosures required by IFRS in the annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the Group’s and Company’s annual financial statements as at 31st December 2015.

2.1.3 Financial Statements

INTRALOT keeps its accounting books and records and prepares its financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) Law 4308/2014 chap. 2, 3 & 4 and current tax regulations and issues its financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

INTRALOT’s Greek subsidiaries keep their accounting books and records and prepare their financial statements in accordance with GAS (L.4308/2014), the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and current tax regulations. INTRALOT’s foreign subsidiaries keep their accounting books and records and prepare their financial statements in accordance with the applicable laws and regulations in their respective countries. For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, Group entities’

financial statements are adjusted and prepared in relation to the requirements of the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS).

2.1.4 Changes in accounting policies

For the preparation of the financial statements of period ended June 30, 2016, the accounting policies adopted are consistent with those followed in the preparation of the most recent annual financial statements (December 31, 2015), except for the below mentioned adoption of new standards and interpretations applicable for fiscal periods beginning on January 1, 2016.

Standards and Interpretations compulsory for the fiscal year 2016

New standards, amendments of published standards and interpretations mandatory for accounting periods beginning on 1st January 2016. The Group's assessment of the impact of these new and amended standards and interpretations is set out below.

IFRS 14 "Regulatory Deferral Accounts" (interim Standard)

This applies to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st January 2016. Earlier application is permitted. The European Commission has decided not to launch the endorsement process of this interim standard and to wait for the final standard.

In January 2014, the IASB issued an interim Standard, IFRS 14 "Regulatory Deferral Accounts". The aim of this interim Standard is to enhance the comparability of financial reporting by entities that are engaged in rate-regulated activities. Many countries have industry sectors that are subject to rate regulation, whereby governments regulate the supply and pricing of particular types of activity by private entities. This can include utilities such as gas, electricity and water. Rate regulation can have a significant impact on the timing and amount of an entity's revenue. IFRS does not provide any specific guidance for rate-regulated activities. The IASB has a project to consider the broad issues of rate regulation and plans to publish a Discussion Paper on this subject. Pending the outcome of this comprehensive Rate-regulated Activities project, the IASB decided to develop IFRS 14 as an interim measure. IFRS 14 permits first-time adopters to continue to recognise amounts related to rate regulation in accordance with their previous GAAP requirements when they adopt IFRS. However, to enhance comparability with entities that already apply IFRS and do not recognise such amounts, the Standard requires that the effect of rate regulation must be presented separately from other items. An entity that already presents IFRS financial statements is not eligible to apply the Standard. These amendments do not affect Group financial statements and have not yet been endorsed by the European Union.

IAS 19 (Amendment) "Employee Benefits"

(COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No.2015/29 of 17th December 2014, L 5/11 -9/1/2015)

This applies to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st February 2015. Earlier application is permitted.

In November 2013 the IASB issued narrow scope amendments in IAS 19 "Employee Benefits". The narrow scope amendments apply to contributions from employees or third parties to defined benefit plans. The objective of the amendments is to simplify the accounting for contributions that are independent of the number of years of employee service, for example, employee contributions that

are calculated according to a fixed percentage of salary. These amendments do not affect Group financial statements.

IAS 16 (Amendment) "Property, Plant and Equipment" and IAS 38 (Amendment) "Intangible Assets"

This applies to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st January 2016. Earlier application is permitted.

(COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No. 2015/2231 of 2nd December 2015, L 317/19 -3/12/2015)

In May 2014, the IASB published amendments to IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment" and IAS 38 "Intangible Assets". IAS 16 and IAS 38 both establish the principle for the basis of depreciation and amortisation as being the expected pattern of consumption of the future economic benefits of an asset. The IASB has clarified that the use of revenue-based methods to calculate the depreciation of an asset is not appropriate because revenue generated by an activity that includes the use of an asset generally reflects factors other than the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in the asset. The IASB also clarified that revenue is generally presumed to be an inappropriate basis for measuring the consumption of the economic benefits embodied in an intangible asset. This presumption, however, can be rebutted in certain limited circumstances. These amendments do not affect Group financial statements.

IAS 16 (Amendment) "Property, Plant and Equipment" and IAS 41 (amendment) "Agriculture"

This applies to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st January 2016. Earlier application is permitted.

(COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No. 2015/2113 of 23rd November 2015, L 306/7 -24/11/2015)

In June 2014, the IASB published amendments that change the financial reporting for bearer plants. The IASB decided that bearer plants should be accounted for in the same way as property, plant and equipment in IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment", because their operation is similar to that of manufacturing. Consequently, the amendments include them within the scope of IAS 16, instead of IAS 41. These amendments do not affect Group financial statements.

IFRS 11 (Amendment) "Joint Arrangements"

This applies to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st January 2016. Earlier application is permitted.

(COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No. 2015/2173 of 24th November 2015, L 307/11 -25/11/2015)

In May 2014, the IASB published amendments to IFRS 11 "Joint Arrangements". IFRS 11 addresses the accounting for interests in joint ventures and joint operations and adds new guidance on how to account for the acquisition of an interest in a joint operation that constitutes a business. The amendments specify the appropriate accounting treatment for such acquisitions. These amendments do not affect Group financial statements.

IAS 27 (Amendment) "Separate Financial Statements"

This applies to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st January 2016. Earlier application is permitted.

(COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No. 2015/2441 of 18th December 2015, L 336/49 -23/12/2015)

In August 2014, the IASB published amendments to IAS 27 "Separate Financial Statements". The amendments to IAS 27 will allow entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements. Intralot SA will continue accounting, in its separate financial statements, for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates either at cost or in accordance with IFRS 9.

IFRS 10, IFRS 12 & IAS 28 (Amendments) "Investment Entities: Applying the Consolidation Exception"

This applies to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st January 2016. Earlier application is permitted.

In December 2014, the IASB published amendments to IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements", IFRS 12 "Disclosure of Interests in other entities" and IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures". The amendments introduce clarifications to the requirements when accounting for investment entities. The amendments also provide relief in particular circumstances, which will reduce the costs of applying the Standards. These amendments do not affect Group financial statements. These amendments have not yet been endorsed by the European Union.

IAS 1 (Amendment) "Presentation of Financial Statements"

This applies to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st January 2016. Earlier application is permitted.

(COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No. 2015/2406 of 18th December 2015, L 333/97 -19/12/2015)

In December 2014, the IASB published amendments to IAS 1 "Presentation of Financial Statements". The amendments are designed to further encourage companies to apply professional judgement in determining what information to disclose in their financial statements. For example, the amendments make clear that materiality applies to the whole of financial statements and that the inclusion of immaterial information can inhibit the usefulness of financial disclosures. Furthermore, the amendments clarify that companies should use professional judgement in determining where and in what order information is presented in the financial disclosures. The Group has taken into account the amendments during the preparation of its financial statements.

Amendments that regard part of the annual improvement program of IASB (International Accounting Standards Board)

IASB in its annual improvement program published in December 2013, a Cycle of narrow scope amendments to existing Standards. The amendments hold for the annual fiscal periods beginning on or after the 1st of February, 2015. The above amendments will not have significant effect on the Group's financial statements.

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2010-2012 Cycle

(COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No.2015/28 of 17th December 2014, L 5/1 -9/1/2015)

IFRS 2 "Share-based Payment"

Definitions of "vesting conditions" and "market conditions" are amended and the definitions of "performance conditions" and "service conditions" are added (previously were part of the "vesting conditions" definition).

IFRS 3 "Business Combinations"

The amendment clarifies that the contingent consideration that is classified as financial asset or liability shall be measured at fair value at each reporting date.

IFRS 8 "Operating Segments"

The amendment requires that an entity shall disclose the judgements made by the management in applying the aggregation criteria in operating segments. It also clarifies that the entity shall provide reconciliations of the total reportable segments' assets to the entity's assets only if the segments assets are reported regularly.

IFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement"

The amendment clarifies that the issue of IFRS 13 and the amendments of IFRS 9 and IAS 39 did not result in the deletion of the ability to measure short-term receivables and payables with no stated interest rate at invoice amounts without discounting, when the effect of not discounting is immaterial.

IAS 16 "Property, Plant and Equipment"

The amendment clarifies that when an item of property, plant and equipment is revalued, the gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset and the accumulated depreciation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset.

IAS 24 "Related Party Disclosures"

The amendment clarifies that the entity, or any member of a group of which is part, provides "key management personnel" services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity, is a related party to the reporting entity.

IAS 38 "Intangible Assets"

The amendment clarifies that when an intangible asset is revalued, the gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset and the accumulated depreciation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset.

Also, IASB in its annual improvement program published in September 2014, one new Cycle of narrow scope amendments to existing Standards. The amendments hold for the annual fiscal periods

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beginning on or after the 1st of January, 2016. The above amendments will not have significant effect on the Group's financial statements.

Annual Improvements to IFRSs 2012-2014 Cycle

(COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) No. 2015/2343 of 15th December 2015, L 330/20 -16/12/2015)

IFRS 5 "Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations"

The amendment clarifies the accounting for a change in a disposal plan from a plan to sell a non-current asset (or disposal group) to a plan to distribute a non-current asset (or disposal group), and provides guidance in IFRS 5 for the discontinuation of held for distribution accounting.

IFRS 7 "Financial Instruments: Disclosure"

The amendment clarifies how an entity should apply the guidance in paragraph 42C of IFRS 7 to a servicing contract in order to decide whether a servicing contract is "continuing involvement" for the purposes of applying the disclosure requirements in paragraphs 42E–42H of IFRS 7.

IAS 19 "Employee Benefits"

The amendment clarifies that for the determination of the rate used to discount post-employment benefit obligations, the depth of the market for high quality corporate bonds should be assessed at the currency level.

IAS 34 "Interim Financial Reporting"

The amendment clarifies the meaning of disclosure of information "elsewhere in the interim financial report" in paragraph 16A of IAS 34 and requires the inclusion of a cross-reference from the interim financial statements to the location of this information.

Standards and Interpretations compulsory after 31 December 2016

The following new standards, amendments and IFRICs have been published but are in effect for the annual fiscal period beginning the 1st of January 2017 and have not been adopted from the Group earlier.

IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments"

This applies to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st January 2018. Earlier application is permitted.

In July 2014, the IASB completed the last phase of IAS 39 replacement by issuing IFRS 9 "Financial Instruments". The package of improvements introduced by IFRS 9 includes a logical model for classification and measurement, a single, forward-looking 'expected loss' impairment model and a substantially-reformed approach to hedge accounting.

Classification and Measurement

Classification determines how financial assets and financial liabilities are accounted for in financial statements and, in particular, how they are measured on an ongoing basis. IFRS 9 introduces a logical approach for the classification of financial assets, which is driven by cash flow characteristics and the business model in which an asset is held. This single, principle-based approach replaces existing rule-based requirements that are generally considered to be overly complex and difficult to apply. The new model also results in a single impairment model being applied to all financial instruments, thereby removing a source of complexity associated with previous accounting requirements.

Impairment

During the financial crisis, the delayed recognition of credit losses on loans (and other financial instruments) was identified as a weakness in existing accounting standards. As part of IFRS 9, the IASB has introduced a new, expected-loss impairment model that will require more timely recognition of expected credit losses. Specifically, the new Standard requires entities to account for expected credit losses from when financial instruments are first recognised and to recognise full lifetime expected losses on a more timely basis.

Hedge accounting

IFRS 9 introduces a substantially-reformed model for hedge accounting, with enhanced disclosures about risk management activity. The new model represents a significant overhaul of hedge accounting that aligns the accounting treatment with risk management activities, enabling entities to better reflect these activities in their financial statements. In addition, as a result of these changes, users of the financial statements will be provided with better information about risk management and the effect of hedge accounting on the financial statements.

Own credit

IFRS 9 also removes the volatility in profit or loss that was caused by changes in the credit risk of liabilities elected to be measured at fair value. This change in accounting means that gains caused by the deterioration of an entity's own credit risk on such liabilities are no longer recognised in profit or loss. Early application of this improvement to financial reporting, prior to any other changes in the accounting for financial instruments, is permitted by IFRS 9.

The Group is in the process of evaluating the effect of IFRS 9 on its financial statements. IFRS 9 has not been endorsed yet by the European Union and cannot, therefore, be implemented earlier by the Group. Only when it has been endorsed will the Group decide whether or not it will implement IFRS 9 before 1st January 2018.

IFRS 7 (Amendment) "Financial Instruments: Disclosures"

This applies to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st January 2018. Earlier application is permitted.

On 16.12.2011 and on 19.11.2013, the IASB issued an amendment in IFRS 7, adding in the Standard disclosures related to the transition to IFRS 9. The amendment has not yet been endorsed by the European Union. The Group is in the process of evaluating the effect of the amendment on its financial statements.

IFRS 15 "Revenue from Contracts with Customers"

This applies to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st January 2018. Earlier application is permitted.

In May 2014, the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB), responsible for International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS), and the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB), responsible for US Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (US GAAP), jointly issued a converged Standard on the recognition of revenue from contracts with customers. The Standard will improve the financial reporting of revenue and improve comparability of the financial statements globally.

Revenue is a vital metric for users of financial statements and is used to assess a company's financial performance and prospects. However, the previous requirements of both IFRS and US GAAP were

different and often resulted in different accounting for transactions that were economically similar. Furthermore, while revenue recognition requirements of IFRS lacked sufficient detail, the accounting requirements of US GAAP were considered to be overly prescriptive and conflicting in certain areas.

Responding to these challenges, the boards have developed new, fully converged requirements for the recognition of revenue in both IFRS and US GAAP—providing substantial enhancements to the quality and consistency of how revenue is reported while also improving comparability in the financial statements of companies reporting using IFRS and US GAAP.

This new Standard replaces IAS 18, IAS 11 and the Interpretations IFRIC 13, IFRIC 15, IFRIC 18 and SIC 31 that are related to revenue recognition. The core principle of the new Standard is for companies to recognise revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services to customers in amounts that reflect the consideration (that is, payment) to which the company expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services. The new Standard will also result in enhanced disclosures about revenue, provide guidance for transactions that were not previously addressed comprehensively (for example, service revenue and contract modifications) and improve guidance for multiple-element arrangements.

The Group will assess the impact of the amendment on its financial statements. This amendment has not yet been endorsed by the European Union.

IFRS 16 “Leases”

This applies to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st January 2019. Earlier application is permitted if IFRS 15 “Revenue from Contracts with Customers” has also been applied.

In January 2016, the IASB issued a new accounting Standard, called IFRS 16 “Leases” that replaces IAS 17 “Leases”, and related Interpretations. IFRS 16 sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases for both parties to a contract, i.e. the customer (‘lessee’) and the supplier (‘lessor’).

As for lessee, IFRS 16 eliminates the classification of leases as either operating leases or finance leases as is required by IAS 17 and, instead, introduces a single lessee accounting model. Applying that model, a lessee is required to recognise:

- (a) assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is of low value; and
- (b) depreciation of lease assets separately from interest on lease liabilities in the income statement.

As for lessor, IFRS 16 substantially carries forward the lessor accounting requirements in IAS 17. Accordingly, a lessor continues to classify its leases as operating leases or finance leases, and to account for those two types of leases differently.

The Group will assess the impact of the new standard on its financial statements. This new standard has not yet been endorsed by the European Union.

IAS 7 (Amendment) “Statement of Cash Flows”

This applies to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st January 2017. Earlier application is permitted.

In January 2016 the IASB issued amendments in IAS 7 “Statement of Cash Flows” about improvements to disclosures. These disclosures require companies to provide information about

changes in their financing liabilities arising from financing activities, including changes from cash flows and non-cash changes (such as foreign exchange gains or losses).

The Group will assess the impact of the amendment on its financial statements. These amendments have not yet been endorsed by the European Union.

IAS 12 (Amendment) "Income Taxes"

This applies to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st January 2017. Earlier application is permitted.

In January 2016 the IASB issued amendments in IAS 12 "Income Taxes" about Recognition of Deferred Tax Assets for Unrealized Losses, clarifying how to account for deferred tax assets related to debt instruments measured at fair value to address diversity in practice.

The Group will assess the impact of the new standard on its financial statements. This new standard has not yet been endorsed by the European Union.

IFRS 10 & IAS 28 (Amendments) "Sale or contribution of Assets between an Investor and its Associate or Joint Venture"

In September 2014, the IASB announced that the amendments apply to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st January 2016. In December 2015 it was announced that application is indefinitely deferred. Earlier application is permitted.

In September 2014, the IASB published amendments to IFRS 10 "Consolidated Financial Statements" and IAS 28 "Investments in Associates and Joint Ventures". The amendments address an acknowledged inconsistency between the requirements in IFRS 10 and those in IAS 28 (2011), in dealing with the sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture. The main consequence of the amendments is that a full gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves a business (whether it is housed in a subsidiary or not). A partial gain or loss is recognised when a transaction involves assets that do not constitute a business, even if these assets are housed in a subsidiary. The Group will assess the impact of the amendment on its financial statements. These amendments have not yet been endorsed by the European Union.

IFRS 2 (Amendment) "Share-based Payment"

This applies to annual accounting periods starting on or after 1st January 2018. Earlier application is permitted.

In June 2016 the IASB issued amendments in IFRS 2 "Share-based Payment", clarifying how to account for certain types of share-based payment transactions. The amendments, which were developed through the IFRS Interpretations Committee, provide requirements on the accounting for:

- a. the effects of vesting and non-vesting conditions on the measurement of cash-settled share-based payments;
- b. share-based payment transactions with a net settlement feature for withholding tax obligations; and
- c. a modification to the terms and conditions of a share-based payment that changes the classification of the transaction from cash-settled to equity-settled.

The Group will assess the impact of the amendment on its financial statements. These amendments have not yet been endorsed by the European Union.

2.1.5 EBITDA & EBIT

International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) do not define the content of the “EBITDA” & “EBIT”. The Group taking into account the nature of its activities, as well as the Decision 6/448/11.10.2007 of the BoD of Hellenic Capital Market Commission and the relative Circular no.34 defines “EBITDA” as “Operating Profit/(Loss) before tax” adjusted for the figures “Profit/(loss) from equity method consolidations”, “Exchange Differences”, “Interest and related income”, “Interest and similar expenses”, “Income/(expenses) from participations and investments”, “Write-off and impairment loss of assets”, “Gain/(loss) from assets disposal” and “Assets depreciation and amortization”. Also, the Group defines “EBIT” as “Operating Profit/(Loss) before tax” adjusted for the figures “Profit/(loss) from equity method consolidations”, “Exchange Differences”, “Interest and related income”, “Interest and similar expenses”, “Income/(expenses) from participations and investments”, “Write-off and impairment loss of assets” and “Gain/(loss) from assets disposal”.

Reconciliation of operating profit before tax to EBIT and EBITDA (continuing operations):	GROUP	
	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015
Operating profit/(loss) before tax	19.581	25.716
Profit/(loss) from equity method consolidation	1.773	1.932
Exchange differences	3.146	-5.775
Interest and related income	-6.236	-7.832
Interest and similar expenses	34.124	34.756
Income / (expenses) from participations and investments	1.358	-802
Gain / (loss) from assets disposal, impairment loss & write-off of assets	1.772	-248
EBIT	55.518	47.747
Depreciation and amortization	33.381	32.418
EBITDA	88.899	80.165

Reconciliation of operating profit before tax to EBIT and EBITDA (continuing operations):	COMPANY	
	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015
Operating profit/(loss) before tax	-1.399	328
Exchange differences	454	-2.823
Interest and related income	-1.640	-1.947
Interest and similar expenses	9.643	14.399
Income / (expenses) from participations and investments	-9.599	19.912
Gain / (loss) from assets disposal, impairment loss & write-off of assets	-5	0
EBIT	-2.546	29.869
Depreciation and amortization	5.346	4.409
EBITDA	2.800	34.278

2.1.6 Significant accounting judgements, estimates and assumptions

The preparation of the consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts of revenues, expenses, assets liabilities and disclosures of contingent liabilities that included in the financial statements. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its judgements, estimates and assumptions that mainly refer to goodwill impairment, allowance for doubtful receivables, provision for staff retirement indemnities, provision for impairment of inventories value, impairment of tangible and intangible assets as well as estimation of their useful lives, recognition of revenue and expenses, pending legal cases, provision for income tax and recoverability of deferred tax assets. These judgements, estimates and assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors including expectations of future events that are considered reasonable under the circumstances.

The key judgements, estimates and assumptions concerning the future and other key sources of uncertainty at the reporting date of the interim condensed financial statements for the period ended on June 30, 2016 and have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year, are consistent with those applied and were valid at the reporting date of the annual financial statements of 31st December 2015.

2.1.7 Seasonality and cyclicity of operations

The Group revenue can fluctuate due to seasonality in some components of the worldwide operations. In particular, the majority of the Group sports betting revenue are generated from bets placed on European football, which has an off-season in the European summer that typically causes a corresponding periodic decrease in the Group revenue. In addition, Group revenue from lotteries can be somewhat dependent on the size of jackpots of lottery games during the relevant period. The Group revenue may also be affected by the scheduling of major football events that do not occur annually, notably the FIFA World Cup and UEFA European Championships, and by the performance of certain teams within specific tournaments, particularly where the national football teams, in the markets where the Group earns the majority of its revenue, fail to qualify for the World Cup. Furthermore, the cancellation or curtailment of significant sporting events, for example due to adverse weather, traffic or transport disruption or civil disturbances, may also affect Group revenue. This information is provided to allow for a better understanding of the revenue, however, Group management has concluded that this is not "highly seasonal" in accordance with IAS 34.

2.2 INFORMATION PER SEGMENT

Intralot Group is active in 54 countries and states, and the segmentation of its subsidiaries is performed based on their geographical position. The financial results are presented in the following operating geographical segments:

- European Union: Greece, Italy, Malta, Cyprus, Poland, Luxembourg, Spain, United Kingdom, Nederland, Romania, Bulgaria, Germany, Slovakia, Croatia and Republic of Ireland.
- Other Europe: Russia and Moldova and Guernsey
- America: USA, Peru, Brazil, Argentina, Mexico, Jamaica, Chile, Colombia, Guatemala, Dominican Republic, Suriname, Uruguay, Curacao and St. Lucia.
- Other Countries: Australia, New Zealand, China, South Africa, Turkey, South Korea, Lebanon, Azerbaijan, Taiwan and Morocco.

No two operating segments have been added.

The following information is based on the internal financial reports provided to the manager responsible for taking decisions who is the CEO. The performance of the segments is evaluated based on the sales and profit/(loss) before tax. The Group applies the same accounting policies for the financial results of the above segments as those of the consolidated financial statements. The transactions between segments are realized within the natural conditions present in the Group with similar way to that with third parties. The intragroup transactions are eliminated in group level and are included in the column "Eliminations".

1/1-30/6/2016

<i>(in million €)</i>	European Union	Other Europe	America	Other Countries	Eliminations	Total
Sales to third parties	240,03	2,99	274,76	119,09	0,00	636,87
Intragroup sales	28,12	0,00	0,46	0,01	-28,59	0,00
Total Sales	268,15	2,99	275,22	119,10	-28,59	636,87
(Debit)/Credit interest & similar (expenses)/income	-27,14	-0,10	-2,23	2,32	-0,74	-27,89
Depreciation/Amortization	-17,14	-1,12	-11,90	-5,11	1,89	-33,38
Profit/(loss) consolidated with equity method	-0,25	0,00	-0,02	-1,50	0,00	-1,77
Write-off & impairment of assets	-0,02	0,00	-0,10	-0,09	0,00	-0,21
Write-off & impairment of investments	-39,50	0,00	0,00	0,00	39,50	0,00
Doubtful provisions, write-off & impairment of receivables	-19,32	0,00	-0,34	-0,24	19,04	-0,86
Reversal of doubtful provisions & recovery of written off receivables	14,37	0,00	0,00	0,00	-14,07	0,30
Profit/(Loss) before tax and continuing operations	-43,38	-0,05	21,03	31,73	10,25	19,58
Tax	-1,34	-0,85	-3,89	-9,23	0,00	-15,31
Profit/(Loss) after tax from continuing operations	-44,72	-0,90	17,14	22,50	10,25	4,27
Profit/(Loss) after tax from discontinued operations	-4,15	0,00	1,74	0,00	37,70	35,29
Profit/(Loss) after tax from total operations	-48,87	-0,90	18,88	22,50	47,95	39,56

1/1-30/6/2015

<i>(in million €)</i>	European Union	Other Europe	America	Other Countries	Eliminations	Total
Sales to third parties	183,21	2,78	278,80	154,15	0,00	618,94
Intragroup sales	27,86	0,00	0,25	0,02	-28,13	0,00
Total Sales	211,07	2,78	279,05	154,17	-28,13	618,94
(Debit)/Credit interest & similar (expenses)/income	-30,10	-0,10	-1,59	5,29	-0,42	-26,92
Depreciation/Amortization	-15,59	-0,92	-13,11	-4,70	1,90	-32,42
Profit/(loss) consolidated with equity method	0,00	0,00	0,00	-1,93	0,00	-1,93
Write-off & impairment of assets	-0,06	0,00	-0,57	0,00	0,00	-0,63
Write-off & impairment of investments	-36,21	0,00	0,00	0,00	36,21	0,00
Doubtful provisions, write-off & impairment of receivables	-4,07	0,02	-0,45	-0,13	4,06	-0,57
Reversal of doubtful provisions & recovery of written off receivables	34,92	0,00	0,00	0,00	-34,92	0,00
Profit/(Loss) before tax and continuing operations	20,43	0,01	14,52	39,06	-48,30	25,72
Tax	-6,73	-0,23	-5,76	-12,65	0,00	-25,37
Profit/(Loss) after tax from continuing operations	13,70	-0,22	8,76	26,41	-48,30	0,35
Profit/(Loss) after tax from discontinued operations	-12,68	0,00	2,94	0,00	1,43	-8,31
Profit/(Loss) after tax from total operations	1,02	-0,22	11,70	26,41	-46,87	-7,96

Revenue per business activity (continuing operations)			
(in thousand €)	30/6/2016	30/6/2015	Change
Licensed operations	466.190	468.467	-0,49%
Management contracts	59.619	50.795	17,37%
Technology and support services	111.062	99.675	11,42%
Total	636.871	618.937	2,90%

2.3 INCOME TAX

GROUP (continuing operations)	30/6/2016	30/6/2015
Current income tax	14.444	18.109
Deferred income tax	1.058	1.991
Tax audit differences and other tax non-deductible	-187	5.269
Total income tax expense reported in income statement	15.315	25.369

The income tax expense for the Company was calculated to 29% and 26% on the taxable profit of the periods 1/1-30/6/2016 and 1/1-30/6/2015 respectively.

COMPANY	30/6/2016	30/6/2015
Current income tax	0	0
Deferred income tax	-290	612
Tax audit differences and other tax non-deductible	-1.050	0
Total income tax expense reported in income statement	-1.340	612

2.4 INCOME / (EXPENSES) FROM PARTICIPATIONS AND INVESTMENTS

(continuing operations)	GROUP		COMPANY	
	30/6/2016	30/6/2015	30/6/2016	30/6/2015
Income from dividends	1.025	1.811	9.677	16.295
Gain from sale of participations and investments	251	1.243	0	0
Other income from participations and investments	4	5	0	5
Total income from participations and investments	1.280	3.059	9.677	16.300
Loss from sale of participations and investments	-2.638	-2.257	0	0
Loss from impairment / write-offs of participations and investments	0	0	-78	-36.212
Total expenses from participations and investments	-2.638	-2.257	-78	-36.212
Net result from participations and investments	-1.358	802	9.599	-19.912

2.5 GAIN/(LOSS) FROM ASSETS DISPOSAL, IMPAIRMENT LOSS & WRITE-OFF OF ASSETS

(continuing operations)	GROUP		COMPANY	
	30/6/2016	30/6/2015	30/6/2016	30/6/2015
Gain from disposal of tangible and intangible assets	46	1.222	5	0
Loss from disposal of tangible and intangible assets	-1.615	-346	0	0
Loss from impairment and write-off of tangible and intangible assets	-203	-628	0	0
Net result from tangible and intangible assets	-1.772	248	5	0

2.6 IMPAIRMENT, WRITE OFF AND PROVISIONS FOR DOUBTFUL DEBTS

Included in other operating expenses:

(continuing operations)	GROUP		COMPANY	
	30/6/2016	30/6/2015	30/6/2016	30/6/2015
Provisions for doubtful receivables from subsidiaries	0	0	11.910	4.065
Provisions for doubtful receivables from debtors	793	538	272	0
Receivables write off from debtors	67	24	0	0
Receivables write off from associates	0	4	0	0
Total	860	566	12.182	4.065

2.7 INTEREST AND SIMILAR EXPENSES / INTEREST AND SIMILAR INCOME

(continuing operations)	GROUP		COMPANY	
	30/6/2016	30/6/2015	30/6/2016	30/6/2015
Interest Expense	-30.090	-31.161	-9.408	-13.461
Loss on derivatives	0	0	0	0
Finance costs	-3.346	-3.581	-235	-938
Discounting	-688	-14	0	0
Total Interest and similar expenses	-34.124	-34.756	-9.643	-14.399
Interest Income	5.983	7.550	1.640	1.947
Gains on derivatives	0	0	0	0
Discounting	253	282	0	0
Total Interest and similar Income	6.236	7.832	1.640	1.947
Net Interest and similar Income / (Expenses)	-27.888	-26.924	-8.003	-12.452

2.8 EXCHANGE DIFFERENCES

The Group reported in the Income Statement for the first half of 2016 losses from «Exchange differences» amounting to €3.146 thousand (first half of 2015: profit €5.775 thousand) mainly from valuation of commercial and borrowing liabilities (intercompany and non) in EUR that various subsidiaries abroad, with a different functional currency than the Group, had on 30/6/2016 as well as from valuation of trade receivables (from third parties and associates) in USD of the Company on 30/6/2016.

2.9 TANGIBLE AND INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Acquisitions and disposals of tangible and intangible assets:

During the first half of 2016, the Group acquired tangible (owner occupied) and intangible assets with acquisition cost €33.943 thousand (first half 2015: €40.459 thousand). From the above acquisitions, amount of €3.062 thousand refers to discontinued operations.

Also, during the first half of 2016, the Group sold tangible (owner occupied) and intangible assets with a net book value of €3.966 thousand (first half 2015: €1.384 thousand), making a net loss amounting to €1.568 thousand (first half 2015: net gain €877 thousand) which was recorded in the account "Gain/(loss) from assets disposal, impairment loss & write-off of assets". From the above sales a net book value amount of € 1 thousand (net profit of € 1 thousand), relates to discontinued operations.

Write-offs and impairment of tangible and intangible assets:

During the first half of 2016, the Group proceeded to writes-offs and impairments of tangible (owner-occupied) and intangible assets with a net book value of €889 thousand (first half 2015: €808

thousand), which were recorded in the account "profit / (loss) from assets disposal, impairment loss & write-off of assets". From the above write offs and impairments amount €686 thousand refers to discontinued operations (first half 2015: €179 thousand).

Change in consolidation method:

During the first half of 2016, the Group derecognized fixed (owner-occupied) and intangible assets with a net book value of € 15.169 thousand due to the merger of its activities in Italy (note 2.19.A.VIII.A).

Exchange differences on valuation of tangible and intangible assets:

The net book value of tangible (owner-occupied and investment) and intangible assets of the Group decreased in the first half of 2016 due to foreign exchange valuation differences by €2,3 million.

Goodwill and Intangible assets with indefinite useful life impairment test

Management tests goodwill for impairment annually (December 31st) or more frequently if events occur or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may have been reduced in accordance with accounting practice described in note 2.1.6.a «Business Combination and Goodwill" of the annual Financial Statements of December 31st 2015.

The Group tested goodwill for impairment on 31/12/2015 and the key assumptions that are used for the determination of the recoverable amount are disclosed below. The recoverable amounts of cash generating units have been determined based on value in use calculations using appropriate estimates regarding future cash flows and discount rates.

Specifically, goodwill arising on consolidation of acquired subsidiaries and intangible assets with indefinite useful life are allocated to the following cash generating units (CGU) by geographical area, which are the operating segments for impairment testing purposes:

Carrying amount:

CGU	Goodwill		Intangible assets with indefinite useful life	
	30/6/2016 ¹	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
European Union	5.687	5.837	2.300	2.300
Other Europe	0	0	0	0
America	19.811	21.496	2.736	2.936
Other countries	46.671	47.105	0	0
Total	72.169	74.438	5.036	5.236

¹ The reduction of goodwill in the first half of 2016 by € 2.269 thousand is due solely to foreign currency translation differences of goodwill valuation on acquisitions of foreign subsidiaries with a different functional currency made by the Group in the past.

Key assumptions:

The recoverable amount of each CGU is determined according to the calculations of value in use. The determination is obtained by the present value of estimated future cash flows expected to be generated by each CGU (discounted cash flow method - DCF). The cash flows are derived from the most recent approved by the management budgets for the next three years and do not include estimated future cash inflows or outflows expected to arise from future restructurings or from improving or enhancing the asset's performance which is tested for impairment. The expected cash flow projections beyond the

period covered by the most recent budgets estimated by extrapolating the projections based on the budgets using a steady or declining growth rate for subsequent years, which does not exceed the long-term average growth rate for products, industries, countries in which the Group operates, or for the market in which the asset is used. The Group makes estimates beyond the period of five years where has signed revenue contracts beyond five years as well as in cases where management believes that based on market data and renewals track record of the Group, it is very possible the renewal of the relevant contracts beyond the five year period. Cash flow projections are based on reasonable and supportable assumptions that represent management's best estimate of the range of economic conditions that will exist over the remaining useful life of the asset, giving greater weight to external evidence. Management assesses the reasonableness of the assumptions underlying the current cash flow projections by examining the causes of differences between past cash flow projections and actual cash flows. Management also ensures that the assumptions on which its current cash flow projections are based are consistent with past actual outcomes, provided that subsequent events or circumstances that did not exist when those actual cash flows were generated make this appropriate. The use value for CGUs affected (has sensitivity) of the following key factors (assumptions):

- Sales
- Growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period, and
- Discount rates

Sales:

Sales projections are derived from estimates of local management of various subsidiaries. These projections are based on careful assessments of various factors, such as past performance, estimates of growth of the local market, competition - if exists, possible changes in the institutional framework governing the gambling market, the economic situation of the gambling industry and the market in general, new opportunities such as lotteries privatizations, etc.

Sales growth rate:

CGU	2015	2014
European Union	-0,9% - 5,4%	0,0% - 10,3%
Other Europe	n/a	n/a
America	0,0% - 10,1%	0,0% - 8,0%
Other countries	0,0% - 8,8%	0,0% - 6,3%

Growth rate used to extrapolate cash flows beyond the budget period:

The factors taken into account for the calculation of the growth rate beyond the budgets period derive from external sources and include among others, the level of maturity of each market, the existence of barriers to entry for competitors, the economic situation of the market, existing competition and technology trends.

Growth rate beyond the budget period:

CGU	2015	2014
European Union	0,0% - 2,7%	0,0% - 3,0%
Other Europe	n/a	n/a
America	0,0% - 6,0%	0,0% - 4,0%
Other countries	0,0% - 3,6%	0,0% - 12,2%

Discount rates:

The discount rates represent the current market assessments of the risks personalized for each CGU, having made the necessary adjustments for the time value of money and possible risks specific to any assets that have not been included in the cash flow projections. The calculation of discount rates based on specific conditions under which the Group and its operating segments operate and calculated through the weighted average cost of capital method (WACC). The WACC takes into account both debt and equity. The cost of equity derives from the expected return that Group investors have for their investment. Cost of debt based on the interest rate of the Group loans. The specific risk of each country is incorporated by implementing individualized sensitivity factors «beta» (beta factors). The sensitivity factors «beta» evaluated annually based on published market data.

Discount rates:

CGU	2015	2014
European Union	7,0% - 7,4%	7,0% - 8,6%
Other Europe	n/a	n/a
America	23,1% - 38,3%	28,8% - 37,5%
Other countries	11,9% - 14,0%	11,0% - 13,7%

Recoverable amount sensitivity analysis:

On 31/12/15, the Group analyzed the sensitivity of the recoverable amounts in a reasonable and possible change of some of the basic assumptions (such as the change of a percentage point to the growth rate beyond the budget period and the discount rates). This analysis does not show a situation in which the carrying amount of the Group's significant CGUs exceeds their recoverable amount.

2.10 INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES

GROUP INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES	% Participation	Country	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Lotrich Information Co LTD	40%	Taiwan	5.715	5.570
Goreward LTD Group	49,99%	China	26.123	29.614
Intralot South Africa LTD	45%	South Africa	354	376
Bit8 Ltd Group	35%	Malta	5.046	5.303
Gamenet Group SpA	20%	Italy	83.520	0
Total			120.758	40.863

GROUP INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Opening Balance	40.863	32.608
Participation in net profit / (loss) of associates and joint ventures	-1.773	-4.063
New acquisitions	0	5.750
Dividends	0	-59
Translation differences	-1.850	8.224
Return of capital	0	-1.300
Transfer to investment properties	0	-265
Companies merge (note 2.19.A.VIII.A)	83.520	0
Other	-2	-32
Closing Balance	120.758	40.863

COMPANY INVESTMENT IN ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES	% Participation	Country	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Lotrich Information Co LTD	40%	Taiwan	5.131	5.131
Intralot South Africa LTD	45%	South Africa	1.000	1.000
Total			6.131	6.131

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COMPANY INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES	% Participation	Country	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Intralot De Peru SAC	99,98%	Peru	26.309	15.759
Intralot Holdings International LTD	100%	Cyprus	8.464	8.464
Betting Company S.A.	95%	Greece	139	139
Inteltek Internet AS	20%	Turkey	66.081	67.326
Bilyoner Interactif Hizmelter AS	50,01%	Turkey	10.751	10.751
Intralot Global Securities BV	100,00%	Nederland	57.028	57.028
Loteria Moldovei SA	47,90%	Moldova	656	656
Intralot Iberia Holdings SA	100%	Spain	5.638	5.638
Other			325	402
Total			175.391	166.163
Grand Total			181.522	172.294

COMPANY INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARIES, ASSOCIATES AND JOINT VENTURES	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Opening Balance	172.294	209.661
Increase of share capital in existing subsidiaries	0	105
Establishment of new subsidiaries	0	40
Subsidiaries provisions for impairment	-78	-36.212
Return of capital from associates	0	-1.300
Return of capital from subsidiaries	-1.245	0
Receivables capitalization	10.551	0
Closing Balance	181.522	172.294

2.11 OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

Other financial assets which in total have been classified by the Group as "Available for sale" and "Held to maturity" are analyzed as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Opening Balance	26.085	37.256	3.243	3.254
Purchases	1.503	1.650	0	0
Return of Capital	-3.299	-10.727	0	0
Disposals	-3	-311	0	0
Fair value revaluation	-1.278	-1.746	-1	-11
Foreign exchange differences	-4	-37	0	0
Closing balance	23.004	26.085	3.242	3.243
Quoted securities	1.532	1.812	23	24
Unquoted securities	21.472	24.273	3.219	3.219
Total	23.004	26.085	3.242	3.243
Long-term Financial Assets	23.004	26.085	3.242	3.243
Short-term Financial Assets	0	0	0	0
Total	23.004	26.085	3.242	3.243

During the first half of 2016, the Group losses arising from the valuation at fair value of the above financial assets amounting to €1.278 thousand (first half 2015: losses €921 thousand) are analyzed in losses amounting to €1.281 thousand (first half 2015: losses €919 thousand) recorded in a separate equity reserve and in profits amounting to €3 thousand (first half 2015: losses of €2 thousand) recognized in the income statement. Respectively for the Company, losses amounting €1 thousand (first

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half 2015: profits of €1 thousand) are analyzed in losses amounting to €1 thousand (first half of 2015: profits €1 thousand) recorded in a separate equity reserve.

For investments that are actively traded in organized financial markets, fair value is determined by reference to the closing price at the reporting date. For investments where there is no corresponding market price, fair value is determined by reference to the current market value of another instrument that is substantially the same or estimated based on expected cash flows of the net assets underlying the investment or acquisition value.

2.12 INVENTORIES

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Merchandise – Equipment	39.687	37.847	27.690	25.817
Other	2.880	8.080	0	0
Total	42.567	45.927	27.690	25.817
Provisions for impairment	-3.837	-3.336	-1.753	-1.753
Total	38.730	42.591	25.937	24.064

For the first half of 2016, the amount transferred to profit and loss from disposals/usage of inventories is €5.965 thousand (first half 2015: €5.204 thousand) for the Group while the respective amount for the Company is €2.157 thousand (first half 2015: €7.043 thousand) and is included in “Cost of Sales”.

Reconciliation of changes in inventories provision for impairment	GROUP		COMPANY	
	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Opening balance for the period	3.336	3.353	1.753	1.753
Period provisions ¹	500	0	0	0
Reversed provisions	0	-2	0	0
Foreign exchange differences	1	-15	0	0
Closing balance for the period	3.837	3.336	1.753	1.753

¹Included in «Cost of sales»

There are no liens on reserves.

2.13 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Bank current accounts are either non-interest bearing or interest bearing and yield income at the daily bank interest rates. The short term deposits are made for periods from one day to three months depending on the Group’s cash requirements and yield income at the applicable prevailing interest rates.

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash and cash equivalents consist of:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Cash and bank current accounts	168.917	270.240	25.666	35.859
Short term time deposits	44.169	6.369	16.950	0
Total	213.086	276.609	42.616	35.859

The time deposits denominated in foreign currency relate mainly to currency exchange contracts (which have the nature of a time deposit and not of a derivative financial asset).

2.14 SHARE CAPITAL, TREASURY SHARES AND RESERVES
Share Capital

Total number of authorized shares	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Ordinary shares of nominal value €0,30 each	158.961.721	158.961.721

Issued and fully paid shares	Number of ordinary shares	€'000
Balance 1 January 2015	158.961.721	47.689
Issue of new shares	0	0
Balance 31 December 2015	158.961.721	47.689
Issue of new shares	0	0
Balance 30 June 2016	158.961.721	47.689

Treasury Shares

The Company, according to article 16, C.L. 2190/1920, article 4.1.4.2 of the regulation of ATHEX and based on the resolution of the Shareholder's Annual General Meeting which took place on the 11.06.2014, as amended by the resolution of the Shareholder's Annual General Meeting of 19.05.2015, has approved a buy-back program from the Company, of up to 10% of the paid share capital, for the time period of 24 months with effect from 11.06.2014 and until 11.06.2016, with a minimum price of €1,00 and maximum price of €12,00. It has also approved that the own shares which will eventually be acquired may be held for future acquisition of shares of another company.

During the first half of 2016, the Company purchased 178.358 own shares (0,11% of the company's share capital) at an average price of € 1,01 per share, totalling €180 thousand. Until 30/6/2016 the Company has purchased 649.104 own shares (0,41% of the company's share capital) with average price €1,03 per share and a total price of €670 thousand.

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	Number of ordinary shares	€ '000	Number of ordinary shares	€ '000
Balance 1 January 2015	470.746	490	470.746	490
Repurchase of treasury shares	0	0	0	0
Balance 31 December 2015	470.746	490	470.746	490
Repurchase of treasury shares	178.358	180	178.358	180
Balance 30 June 2016	649.104	670	649.104	670

Reserves

Foreign exchange differences reserve

This reserve is used to record the exchange differences arising from the translation of foreign subsidiaries' financial statements. The balance of this reserve in the Group (excluding the discontinued operations with cumulative balance €-2,1 million) on 30/6/2016 was €-58,5 million (31/12/2015: €-59,4 million). The Group had a total net loss which was reported in the statement of comprehensive income from the change in the fair value reserve during the first half of 2016 amounting to €4,0 million (first half 2015: gain of €8,2 million), out of which loss of €1,2 million is attributable to the owners of the parent and a loss of €2,8 million to non-controlling interest. The above total net loss for 2016 comes mainly from the fluctuation of the JMD, ARS, USD, TRY and CNY against the EUR.

The main exchange rates of abroad subsidiaries financial statements conversion were:

- **Statement of Financial Position:**

	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	Change
EUR / USD	1,11	1,09	1,83%
EUR / JMD	139,75	130,28	7,27%
EUR / TRY	3,21	3,18	0,94%
EUR / PEN	3,65	3,70	-1,35%
EUR / AZN	1,71	1,69	1,18%
EUR / ARS	16,68	14,05	18,72%
EUR / PLN	4,44	4,26	4,23%
EUR / BRL	3,59	4,31	-16,71%

- Income Statement:**

	Avg. 1/1- 30/6/2016	Avg. 1/1- 30/6/2015	Change
EUR / USD	1,12	1,12	0,00%
EUR / JMD	136,14	128,24	6,16%
EUR / TRY	3,26	2,86	13,99%
EUR / PEN	3,77	3,45	9,28%
EUR / AZN	1,72	1,08	59,26%
EUR / ARS	15,99	9,85	62,34%
EUR / PLN	4,37	4,14	5,56%
EUR / BRL	4,13	3,31	24,77%

Other Reserves

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Statutory reserve	28.183	30.562	15.896	15.896
Extraordinary reserves	1.687	1.649	1.456	1.456
Tax free and specially taxed reserves	31.246	31.358	28.601	28.601
Actuarial differences reserve	-8	-424	-51	-51
Hedging reserve	-67	0	-67	0
Revaluation reserve	-2.212	-934	-176	-175
Total	58.829	62.211	45.659	45.727
Minus: Assets held for sale reserves	0	0	0	0
Continuing operations	58.829	62.211	45.659	45.727

2.15 DIVIDENDS

Declared dividends of ordinary shares:	GROUP		COMPANY	
	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Final dividend of period 2012-2013	689	19.685	0	0
Interim dividend of 2014	0	0	0	0
Final dividend of 2014	32	27.735	0	0
Interim dividend of 2015	0	21.495	0	0
Final dividend of 2015	24.616	0	0	0
Interim dividend of 2016	4.863	0	0	0
Dividend per statement of changes in equity	30.200	68.915	0	0

Paid Dividends on ordinary shares:

During the first half of 2016 dividends paid on ordinary shares, aggregated €27.959 thousand (first half 2015: €19.678 thousand).

2.16 LONG TERM DEBT

	Currency	Interest rate	GROUP		COMPANY	
			30/6/2016	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Facility A (€250 mil)	EUR	6,00%	245.429	244.878	0	0
Facility B (€325 mil)	EUR	9,75%	328.306	326.579	0	0
Facility C (€200 mil)	EUR	1M Euribor + 5,50%	199.091	198.624	0	0
Facility D (€25 mil)	EUR	4,80%	4.997	6.762	0	0
Intercompany Loans			0	0	287.931	282.031
Other			2.942	16.349	0	0
Total Loans			780.765	793.192	287.931	282.031
Less: Payable during the next year			-213.855	-29.365	-125	-1.358
Repurchase Facility A			-11.100	-19.296	0	0
Repurchase Facility B			-48.809	-28.437	0	0
Long Term Loans			507.001	716.094	287.806	280.673

- Facility A: On May 2014, Intralot Capital Luxembourg issued Senior Notes with a face value of €250 million, due May 15th 2021 guaranteed by the parent company and subsidiaries of the Group. The Notes were offered at an issue price of 99,294%. Interest is payable semi-annually at an annual fixed nominal coupon of 6%. The Notes are trading on the Luxembourg Stock Exchanges Euro MTF Market. The Notes bear the Group financial covenants with respect to Net Debt to EBITDA (Leverage ratio), and financial expenses coverage ratio (Fixed Charge Coverage ratio). The Group was in compliance with the covenants under Notes as at 30/6/2016. Until 31/12/2015, the Group bought back bonds with a nominal value €19,7 million. During the first half of 2016 the Group has resold bonds with nominal value € 8,4 million bringing the total amount of repurchases to € 11,3 million and the total outstanding nominal amount to € 238,7 million. Also during the third quarter of 2016 and until the date of approval of the financial statements of 30/06/2016, the Group proceeded to resale of bonds with nominal value €11,2 million, bringing the total amount of repurchases to €0,1 million and the total outstanding nominal amount to €249,9 million.
- Facility B: On August 2013, Intralot Finance Luxembourg SA, issued Senior Notes with a face value of €325 million, due August 15th 2018, guaranteed by the parent company and subsidiaries of the Group. The Notes were offered at an issue price of 99,027%. Interest is payable semi-annually at an annual fixed nominal coupon of 9,75%. The Notes are trading on the Luxembourg Stock Exchanges Euro MTF Market. The Notes bear the Group financial covenants with respect to Net Debt to EBITDA (Leverage ratio), and financial expenses coverage ratio (Fixed Charge Coverage ratio). The Group was in compliance with the covenants under Notes as at 30/6/16. Until 31/12/2015, the Group bought back bonds with a nominal value €28,3 million. During the first half of 2016 the Group has bought back bonds with nominal value € 20,0 million bringing the total amount of repurchases to € 48,3 million and the total outstanding nominal amount to € 276,7 million.
- Facility C: On June 2014, Intralot Finance UK PLC signed a syndicated loan guaranteed by the parent and subsidiaries of the Group amounting €200 million. The loan will have three year duration (extendable for a further year) and the current limit is set at €200 million, of which €120 million in the form of revolving facility and €80 million as term loan. The outstanding loan balance on 30/6/16 was €200 million, and bears a floating rate (Euribor) plus a margin of 5,50%. Amounts under the revolving credit facility may be borrowed, repaid and re-borrowed by the Group from time to time until maturity. Voluntary prepayments and commitment reductions under the Credit Agreement are permitted at any time in whole or in part, without premium or penalty (other than break-funding costs). The financial terms of the loan, include minimum ratio requirements of total net debt to EBITDA (Leverage Ratio) and the Interest Coverage ratio. We acknowledge that the Group on 30/6/16 covers the economic clauses of the syndicated loan. On 30/06/2016 the syndicated loan was classified as short term since it expires in May 2017. The Group is in the process of refinancing the syndicated loan.
- Facility D: On July 2012, Maltco Lotteries LTD signed a long term loan amounting to €25 million, guaranteed by the parent company. The financing bears floating interest with a total average rate equal to 4,80%, is paid in monthly instalments and matures in October 2017.

The Company, the subsidiaries of the Group or other related parties, or agents on its or their behalf, may from time to time purchase and/or re-sell bonds of the Group (Facility A & B) in one or more series

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of open-market transactions from time to time. The Group does not intend to disclose the extent of any such purchase or re-sale otherwise than in accordance with any legal or regulatory obligation the Group may have to do so.

2.17 SHARED BASED BENEFITS

The Group had no active option plan during the first half of 2016.

2.18 FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The financial assets and liabilities of the Group, excluding cash and cash equivalents are analyzed as follows:

30/6/2016				
Financial assets:	Loans and receivables	Available for sale financial assets	Financial assets held to maturity	Total
Trade receivables	96.246	0	0	96.246
Receivables from related parties	35.633	0	0	35.633
Prepaid expenses and other receivable	107.553	0	0	107.553
Bad debtors provisions	-17.499	0	0	-17.499
Other quoted financial assets	0	1.532	0	1.532
Other unquoted financial assets	0	21.472	0	21.472
Total	221.933	23.004	0	244.937
Long term	55.154	23.004	0	78.158
Short term	166.779	0	0	166.779
Total	221.933	23.004	0	244.937

31/12/2015				
Financial assets:	Loans and receivables	Available for sale financial assets	Financial assets held to maturity	Total
Trade receivables	124.275	0	0	124.275
Receivables from related parties	32.570	0	0	32.570
Prepaid expenses and other receivable	136.481	0	0	136.481
Bad debtors provisions	-20.369	0	0	-20.369
Other quoted financial assets	0	1.812	0	1.812
Other unquoted financial assets	0	24.273	0	24.273
Total	272.957	26.085	0	299.042
Long term	70.225	26.085	0	96.310
Short term	202.732	0	0	202.732
Total	272.957	26.085	0	299.042

30/6/2016				
Financial liabilities	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss	Financial liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total
Trade Payables	37.916	0	0	37.916
Payables to related parties	25.251	0	0	25.251
Other liabilities	59.388	0	0	59.388
Derivatives	0	0	67	67
Borrowing and finance lease	723.875	0	0	723.875
Total	846.430	0	67	846.497
Long term	526.469	0	0	526.469
Short term	319.961	0	67	320.028
Total	846.430	0	67	846.497

31/12/2015

Financial liabilities	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss	Financial liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total
Trade Payables	52.706	0	0	52.706
Payables to related parties	21.603	0	0	21.603
Other liabilities	80.084	0	0	80.084
Derivatives	0	0	0	0
Borrowing and finance lease	754.240	0	0	754.240
Total	908.633	0	0	908.633
Long term	737.173	0	0	737.173
Short term	171.460	0	0	171.460
Total	908.633	0	0	908.633

Below is the analysis of the financial assets and liabilities of the Company excluding cash and cash equivalents:

30/6/2016

Financial assets:	Loans and receivables	Available for sale financial assets	Financial assets held to maturity	Total
Trade receivables	45.912	0	0	45.912
Receivables from related parties	85.564	0	0	85.564
Prepaid expenses and other receivable	22.542	0	0	22.542
Bad debtors provisions	-42.583	0	0	-42.583
Other quoted financial assets	0	23	0	23
Other unquoted financial assets	0	3.219	0	3.219
Total	111.435	3.242	0	114.677
Long term	144	3.242	0	3.386
Short term	111.291	0	0	111.291
Total	111.435	3.242	0	114.677

31/12/2015

Financial assets:	Loans and receivables	Available for sale financial assets	Financial assets held to maturity	Total
Trade receivables	52.440	0	0	52.440
Receivables from related parties	102.188	0	0	102.188
Prepaid expenses and other receivable	19.275	0	0	19.275
Bad debtors provisions	-46.611	0	0	-46.611
Other quoted financial assets	0	24	0	24
Other unquoted financial assets	0	3.219	0	3.219
Total	127.292	3.243	0	130.535
Long term	200	3.243	0	3.443
Short term	127.092	0	0	127.092
Total	127.292	3.243	0	130.535

30/6/2016				
Financial liabilities	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss	Financial liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total
Trade Payables	9.343	0	0	9.343
Payables to related parties	43.720	0	0	43.720
Other liabilities	7.346	0	0	7.346
Derivatives	0	0	67	67
Borrowing and finance lease	287.931	0	0	287.931
Total	348.340	0	67	348.407
Long term	287.806	0	0	287.806
Short term	60.534	0	67	60.601
Total	348.340	0	67	348.407

31/12/2015				
Financial liabilities	Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost	Financial liabilities at fair value through profit and loss	Financial liabilities at fair value through other comprehensive income	Total
Trade Payables	10.339	0	0	10.339
Payables to related parties	45.248	0	0	45.248
Other liabilities	6.613	0	0	6.613
Derivatives	0	0	0	0
Borrowing and finance lease	282.031	0	0	282.031
Total	344.231	0	0	344.231
Long term	280.673	0	0	280.673
Short term	63.558	0	0	63.558
Total	344.231	0	0	344.231

Estimated fair value

Below is a comparison by category of carrying amounts and fair values of financial assets and liabilities of the Group and the Company as at 30 June 2016 and 31 December 2015:

Financial Assets	GROUP			
	Carrying Amount		Fair Value	
	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Other long-term financial assets - classified as "available for sale"	23.004	26.085	23.004	26.085
Other long-term receivables	55.154	70.225	55.154	70.225
Trade and other short-term receivables	166.779	202.732	166.779	202.732
Other short-term financial assets - classified as "Held to maturity"	0	0	0	0
Cash and cash equivalents	213.086	276.609	213.086	276.609
Total	458.023	575.651	458.023	575.651
Financial Liabilities				
Long-term loans	507.001	716.094	502.534	708.265
Other long-term liabilities	18.395	19.113	18.395	19.113
Liabilities from finance leases	1.073	1.966	1.073	1.966
Trade and other short term payables	104.227	135.280	104.227	135.280
Short-term loans and finance lease	215.801	36.180	216.002	36.412
Total	846.497	908.633	842.231	901.036

Financial Assets	COMPANY			
	Carrying Amount		Fair Value	
	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Other long-term financial assets - classified as "available for sale"	3.242	3.243	3.242	3.243
Other long-term receivables	144	200	144	200
Trade and other short-term receivables	111.291	127.092	111.291	127.092
Cash and cash equivalents	42.616	35.859	42.616	35.859
Total	157.293	166.394	157.293	166.394
Financial Liabilities				
Long-term loans	287.806	280.673	287.806	280.673
Trade and other short term payables	60.476	62.200	60.476	62.200
Short-term loans and finance lease	125	1.358	125	1.358
Total	348.407	344.231	348.407	344.231

The management estimated that the carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, trade and other receivables, trade and other payables approximates their fair value, primarily because of their short term maturities.

Fair value hierarchy

The Group classifies fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of inputs used in making the measurements to them. The levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1: official quoted prices (unadjusted) in markets with significant volume of transactions for similar assets or liabilities

Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)

Level 3: inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (unobservable inputs).

The Group and the Company held on 30/6/2016 the following assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

GROUP	Fair Value 30/6/2016	Fair value hierarchy		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets measured at fair value				
Other financial assets classified as "Available for sale"	23.004	1.532	0	21.472
- Quoted shares	1.532	1.532	0	0
- Unquoted shares	21.472	0	0	21.472
Derivative financial instruments	0	0	0	0
Financial liabilities measured at fair value				
Derivative financial instruments	67	0	67	0
COMPANY				
COMPANY	Fair Value 30/6/2016	Fair value hierarchy		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets measured at fair value				
Other financial assets classified as "Available for sale"	3.242	23	0	3.219
- Quoted shares	23	23	0	0
- Unquoted shares	3.219	0	0	3.219

Derivative financial instruments	0	0	0	0
Financial liabilities measured at fair value				
Derivative financial instruments	67	0	67	0

During 2016 there were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy, no transfers to and from Level 3.

The Group and the Company held on 31/12/2015 the following assets and liabilities measured at fair value:

GROUP	Fair Value 31/12/2015	Fair value hierarchy		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets measured at fair value				
Other financial assets classified as "Available for sale"	26.085	1.812	0	24.273
- Quoted shares	1.812	1.812	0	0
- Unquoted shares	24.273	0	0	24.273
Derivative financial instruments	0	0	0	0

Financial liabilities measured at fair value				
Derivative financial instruments	0	0	0	0

COMPANY	Fair Value 31/12/2015	Fair value hierarchy		
		Level 1	Level 2	Level 3
Financial assets measured at fair value				
Other financial assets classified as "Available for sale"	3.243	24	0	3.219
- Quoted shares	24	24	0	0
- Unquoted shares	3.219	0	0	3.219
Derivative financial instruments	0	0	0	0

Financial liabilities measured at fair value				
Derivative financial instruments	0	0	0	0

During 2015 there were no transfers between Level 1 and 2 in the hierarchy of fair value or transfer in and out of Level 3.

Reconciliation for recurring fair value measurements classified in the 3rd level of the fair value hierarchy:

Unquoted shares	GROUP	COMPANY
Balance 1/1/2015	33.367	3.219
Return of capital	-10.726	0
Period purchases	1.650	0
Foreign exchange differences	-18	0
Balance 31/12/2015	24.273	3.219
Period purchases	500	0
Return of capital	-3.299	0
Foreign exchange differences	-2	0
Balance 30/6/2016	21.472	3.219

Valuation methods and assumptions

The fair value of the financial assets and liabilities is the amount at which the asset could be sold or the liability transferred in a current transaction between market participants, other than in a forced or liquidation sale.

The following methods and assumptions are used to estimate the fair values:

- Fair value of the quoted shares (classified as "Available for sale") derives from quoted market closing prices in active markets at the reporting date.
- Fair value of the unquoted shares (classified as "Available for sale") is estimated by reference to the current market value of another item substantially similar or using a DCF model. The valuation through the DCF model requires management to make certain assumptions about the model inputs, including forecast cash flows, the discount rate, credit risk and volatility. The probabilities of the various estimates within the range can be reasonably assessed and are used in management's estimate of fair value for these unquoted equity investments.
- Fair value of the quoted bonds is based on price quotations at the reporting date. The fair value of unquoted instruments, loans from banks and other financial liabilities, obligations under finance leases, as well as other non-current financial liabilities is estimated by discounting future cash flows using rates currently available for debt on similar terms, credit risk and remaining maturities.
- The Group uses derivative financial instruments such as forward currency contracts, interest rate swaps, currency swaps and other derivatives in order to hedge risks related to interest rates and foreign currency fluctuations. Such derivative financial instruments are measured at fair value at each reporting date. The fair value of these derivatives is measured mainly by reference of the market value and is verified by the financial institutions.

Description of significant unobservable inputs to valuation:

The fair value of unquoted shares (classified as "Available for sale") except that it is sensitive to a reasonably possible change in the forecast cash flows and the discount rate, is also sensitive to a reasonably possible change in growth rates. The valuation requires management to use unobservable inputs in the model, of which the most significant are disclosed in the tables below. The management regularly assesses a range of reasonably possible alternatives for those significant unobservable inputs and determines their impact on the total fair value.

Unquoted shares (classified as "Available for sale")

Valuation method	Significant unobservable inputs	Range (Weighted Average)	
		31/12/2015	31/12/2014
DCF	Sales growth rate	6.0% - 6.0% (6.0%)	1.0% - 64.6% (28.3%)
	Growth rate beyond budgets period	0.0% - 6.0% (5.7%)	1.0% - 1.6% (1.6%)
	Discount rates (WACC)	7.9% - 19.5% (19.0%)	7.9% - 14.8% (14.6%)

Sensitivity analysis of recoverable amounts:

On 31/12/2015, the Group analyzed the sensitivity of recoverable amounts in a reasonable and possible change in any of the above significant unobservable inputs (i.e. the change of one percentage point in the growth rate beyond the budgets period and discount rates). This analysis did not indicate a situation in which the carrying value of the Group's significant investments in unquoted shares exceeds their recoverable amount.

2.19 SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION
A. BUSINESS COMBINATION AND METHOD OF CONSOLIDATION

The companies included in the consolidation, with the relevant addresses and the relevant participation percentages are the following:

I. Full consolidation:		Domicile	% Direct Part'n	% Indirect Part'n	% Total Part'n
	INTRALOT SA	Maroussi, Greece	Parent	Parent	-
3.	BETTING COMPANY S.A.	Maroussi, Greece	95%	5%	100%
24.	BETTING CYPRUS LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		100%	100%
	INTRALOT AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	Melbourne, Australia	100%		100%
28.	INTRALOT GAMING SERVICES PTY	Melbourne, Australia		100%	100%
	INTRALOT IBERIA HOLDINGS SA	Madrid, Spain	100%		100%
29.	INTRALOT JAMAICA LTD	Kingston, Jamaica		100%	100%
29.	INTRALOT TURKEY A.S.	Istanbul, Turkey	50%	49,99%	99,99%
29.	INTRALOT DE MEXICO LTD	Mexico City, Mexico		99,8%	99,8%
29.	INTRALOT CHILE SPA	Santiago, Chile		100%	100%
29.	INTELTEK INTERNET AS	Istanbul, Turkey	20%	25%	45%
30.	AZERINTELTEK AS	Baku, Azerbaijan		22,95%	22,95%
2,4.	INTRALOT DE PERU SAC	Lima, Peru	95,18%	4,82%	100%
	POLDIN LTD	Warsaw, Poland	100%		100%
	ATROPOS S.A.	Maroussi, Greece	100%		100%
	INTRALOT SERVICES S.A.	Paiania, Greece	100%		100%
	INTRALOT ADRIATIC DOO	Zagreb, Croatia	100%		100%
	BILYONER INTERAKTIF HIZMELTER AS GROUP	Istanbul, Turkey	50,01%		50,01%
	INTRALOT MAROC S.A.	Casablanca, Morocco	99,83%		99,83%
2.	GAMING SOLUTIONS INTERNATIONAL LTDA	Bogota, Colombia	99%	1%	100%
2.	INTRALOT INTERACTIVE S.A.	Maroussi, Greece	65,24%	30,70%	95,94%
	INTRALOT GLOBAL SECURITIES B.V.	Amsterdam, Netherlands	100%		100%
1.	INTRALOT FINANCE LUXEMBOURG S.A.	Luxembourg, Luxembourg		100%	100%
1.	INTRALOT CAPITAL LUXEMBOURG S.A.	Luxembourg, Luxembourg		100%	100%
1,2,3,4.	INTRALOT GLOBAL HOLDINGS B.V.	Amsterdam, Netherland		100%	100%
5.	INTRALOT INC	Atlanta, USA		100%	100%
12.	DC09 LLC	Wilmington, USA		49%	49%
5.	ILOT CAPITAL UK LTD	Hertfordshire, United Kingdom	0,02%	99,98%	100%
5.	ILOT INVESTMENT UK LTD	Hertfordshire, United Kingdom	0,02%	99,98%	100%
5.	INTRALOT NEDERLAND B.V.	Amsterdam, Netherlands		100%	100%
5.	LOTROM S.A.	Bucharest, Romania		60%	60%
5.	INTRALOT BEIJING Co LTD	Beijing, China		100%	100%
5.	TECNO ACCION S.A.	Buenos Aires, Argentina		50,01%	50,01%
5.	TECNO ACCION SALTA S.A.	Buenos Aires, Argentina		50,01%	50,01%
5.	MALTCO LOTTERIES LTD	Valetta, Malta		73%	73%
5.	INTRALOT NEW ZEALAND LTD	Wellington, New Zealand		100%	100%
5.	INTRALOT DO BRAZIL LTDA	Sao Paulo, Brazil		80%	80%
14.	OLTP LTDA	Rio de Janeiro, Brazil		80%	80%
5.	INTRALOT ARGENTINA S.A.	Buenos Aires, Argentina		100%	100%
5.	INTRALOT GERMANY GMBH	Munich, Germany		100%	100%
5.	INTRALOT HOLDING & SERVICES S.p.A. ¹	Rome, Italy		100%	100%
5,7.	INTRALOT GAMING MACHINES S.p.A. ¹	Rome, Italy		100%	100%
7.	INTRALOT ITALIA S.p.A ¹	Rome, Italy		100%	100%
13.	VENETA SERVIZI S.R.L. ¹	Mogliano Veneto, Italy		100%	100%
5.	INTRALOT SOUTH KOREA S.A.	Seoul, S. Korea		100%	100%
5.	INTRALOT FINANCE UK PLC	London, United Kingdom		100%	100%

	I. Full consolidation:	Domicile	% Direct Part'n	% Indirect Part'n	% Total Part'n
5.	INTRALOT ASIA PACIFIC LTD	Hong Kong, China		100%	100%
5.	WHITE EAGLE INVESTMENTS LTD	Hertfordshire, United Kingdom		100%	100%
5.	BETA RIAL Sp.Zoo	Warsaw, Poland		100%	100%
5.	POLLOT Sp.Zoo	Warsaw, Poland		100%	100%
15,16,17	TOTOLOTEK S.A.	Warsaw, Poland		95,45%	95,45%
5.	INTRALOT SLOVAKIA SPOL. S.R.O.	Bratislava, Slovakia		100%	100%
5.	SLOVENSKE LOTERIE A.S.	Bratislava, Slovakia		51%	51%
5.	NIKANTRO HOLDINGS Co LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		100%	100%
19.	LOTERIA MOLDOVEI S.A.	Chisinau, Moldova	47,90%	32,85%	80,75%
5.	INTRALOT BETTING OPERATIONS (CYPRUS) LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		54,95%	54,95%
5,6.	ROYAL HIGHGATE LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		35,08%	35,08%
5.	INTRALOT LEASING NEDERLAND B.V.	Amsterdam, Netherland		100%	100%
5.	INTRALOT IRELAND LTD	Dublin, Ireland		100%	100%
5.	BILOT INVESTMENT LTD	Sofia, Bulgaria		100%	100%
5.	TECNO ACCION URUGUAY S.A.	Montevideo, Uruguay		50,10%	50,10%
5.	INTRALOT CYPRUS GLOBAL ASSETS LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		100%	100%
8.	INTRALOT OOO	Moscow, Russia		100%	100%
26.	INTRALOT DISTRIBUTION OOO	Moscow, Russia		100%	100%
8.	INTRALOT ST. LUCIA LTD	Castries, Santa Lucia		100%	100%
9.	INTRALOT GUATEMALA S.A.	Guatemala City, Guatemala		100%	100%
10.	LOTERIAS Y APUESTAS DE GUATEMALA S.A.	Guatemala City, Guatemala		51%	51%
9.	INTRALOT DOMINICANA S.A.	St. Dominicus, Dominican Republic		100%	100%
9.	INTRALOT LATIN AMERICA INC	Miami, USA		100%	100%
9.	INTRALOT SURINAME LTD	Paramaribo, Suriname		100%	100%
9.	CARIBBEAN VLT SERVICES LTD	Castries, Santa Lucia		50,001%	50,001%
9.	INTRALOT CARIBBEAN VENTURES LTD	Castries, Santa Lucia		50,05%	50,05%
11.	SUPREME VENTURES LTD	Kingston, Jamaica		24,97%	24,97%
	INTRALOT HOLDINGS INTERNATIONAL LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus	100%		100%
2.	INTRALOT INTERNATIONAL LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		100%	100%
3.	INTRALOT OPERATIONS LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		100%	100%
2,4.	NETMAN SRL	Bucharest, Romania		100%	100%
2.	BILOT EOOD	Sofia, Bulgaria		100%	100%
20.	EUROFOOTBALL LTD	Sofia, Bulgaria		49%	49%
21.	EUROFOOTBALL PRINT LTD	Sofia, Bulgaria		49%	49%
2.	INTRALOT TECHNOLOGIES LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		100%	100%
23.	INTRALOT LOTTERIES LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus	51%	49%	100%
23.	INTRALOT INVESTMENTS LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus	51%	49%	100%
2.	INTRALOT BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		100%	100%
2.	GAMING SOLUTIONS INTERNATIONAL SAC	Lima, Peru		100%	100%
2.	NAFIROL S.A.	Montevideo, Uruguay		100%	100%
2.	LEBANESE GAMES S.A.L	Beirut, Lebanon		99,99%	99,99%
2.	INTRALOT HONG KONG HOLDINGS LTD	Hong Kong, China		100%	100%
2.	ENTERGAMING LTD	Alderney, Guernsey		100%	100%
2.	INTRALOT BETTING OPERATIONS RUSSIA LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		100%	100%
25.	FAVORIT BOOKMAKERS OFFICE OOO	Moscow, Russia		100%	100%

II. Equity method:		Domicile	% Direct Part'n	% Indirect Part'n	% Total Part'n
	LOTRICH INFORMATION Co LTD	Taipei, Taiwan	40%		40%
	INTRALOT SOUTH AFRICA LTD	Johannesburg, South Africa	45%		45%
3.	GOREWARD LTD	Taipei, Taiwan		49,99%	49,99%
31.	PRECIOUS SUCCESS LTD GROUP	Hong Kong, China		24,49%	24,49%
31.	GAIN ADVANCE GROUP LTD	Hong Kong, China		49,99%	49,99%
22.	KTEMS HOLDINGS CO LTD	Seoul, South Korea		49,99%	49,99%
31.	OASIS RICH INTERNATIONAL LTD	Taipei, Taiwan		44,99%	44,99%
32.	WUSHENG COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY (SHANGHAI) CO LTD	Shanghai, China		44,99%	44,99%
5.	BIT8 LTD	Valetta, Malta		35%	35%
18.	SWITCH IT NV	Willemstad, Curacao		35%	35%
2.	UNICLIC LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		50%	50%
27.	DOWA LTD	Nicosia, Cyprus		30%	30%
5.	GAMENET GROUP S.p.A.	Rome, Italy		20%	20%
33.	INTRALOT HOLDING & SERVICES S.p.A. ¹	Rome, Italy		20%	20%
33,7.	INTRALOT GAMING MACHINES S.p.A. ¹	Rome, Italy		20%	20%
7.	INTRALOT ITALIA S.p.A. ¹	Rome, Italy		20%	20%
13.	VENETA SERVIZI S.R.L. ¹	Mogliano Veneto, Italy		20%	20%
33.	GAMENET S.p.A. ²	Rome, Italy		20%	20%
34.	GAMENET ENTERTAINMENT S.R.L.	Rome, Italy		20%	20%
34.	GAMENET SCOMMESSE S.p.A.	Rome, Italy		20%	20%
34.	GAMENET RENTING S.R.L.	Rome, Italy		20%	20%
34.	GAMENET FORMAZIONE S.R.L.	Rome, Italy		20%	20%
34.	GNETWORK S.R.L.	Rome, Italy		20%	20%
34.	VERVE S.p.A.	Rome, Italy		10,20%	10,20%
34.	BILLIONS ITALIA S.R.L.	Rome, Italy		10,20%	10,20%

Subsidiary of the company:

1: Intralot Global Securities BV	13: Intralot Italia S.p.A.	25: Intralot Betting Operations Russia LTD
2: Intralot Holdings International LTD	14: Intralot Do Brazil LTDA	26: Intralot OOO
3: Intralot International LTD	15: Pollot Sp.Zoo	27: Uniclic LTD
4: Intralot Operations LTD	16: White Eagle Investments LTD	28: Intralot Australia PTY LTD
5: Intralot Global Holdings BV	17: Beta Rial Sp.Zoo.	29: Intralot Iberia Holdings S.A.
6: Intralot Betting Operations(Cyprus) LTD	18: Bit8 LTD	30: Inteltek Internet AS
7: Intralot Holding & Services S.p.A.	19: Nikantro Holdings Co LTD	31: Goreward LTD
8: Intralot Cyprus Global Assets LTD	20: Bilot EOOD	32: Oasis Rich International LTD
9: Intralot St.Lucia LTD	21: Eurofootball LTD	33: Gamenet Group S.p.A.
10: Intralot Guatemala S.A.	22: Gain Advance Group LTD	34: Gamenet S.p.A.
11: Intralot Caribbean Ventures LTD	23: Intralot Technologies LTD	
12: Intralot Inc	24: Betting Company S.A.	

¹ The companies Intralot Holding & Services S.p.A., Intralot Gaming Machines S.p.A., Intralot Italia S.p.A. and Veneta Servizi Srl were consolidated until 27/6/2016 with the full consolidation method and from 28/6/2016 with the equity method after the contribution from Intralot Global Holdings BV in Gamenet Group S.p.A. under the agreement with Trilantic Capital Partners Europe, the principal shareholder of Gamenet S.p.A. (note 2.19.A.VIII.A).

² The associate company Gamenet S.p.A. participates in companies Gamenet Renting S.R.L. (100%), Gamenet Formazione S.R.L. (100%) and Verve S.p.A. (51%) that were not consolidated on 30/6/2016 since they were not considered material for the Group.

The entities Atropos S.A., Nafirol S.A., Intralot Dominicana S.A., Gaming Solutions International Ltda and Gain Advance Group LTD are under liquidation process. On March 2016 the liquidation of the associate company Ktems Holdings Co LTD was completed.

The Group has also a number of shares of non-significant value in subsidiaries and associates to which, in respect to INTRALOT SA, there is no parent- subsidiary relationship in the form of a legal entity.

On 30/6/2016, the Group or its subsidiaries did not have any significant contractual or statutory restrictions on their ability to access or use the assets and settle the liabilities of the Group.

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The following United Kingdom subsidiaries are exempt from the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to the statutory audit of individual company accounts by virtue of Section 479A of that Act:

Intralot Finance UK Plc (company number 6451119)

White Eagle Investments Limited (company number 3450868)

Ilot Capital UK Limited (company number 9614324)

Ilot Investments UK Ltd (company number 9614271)

However, Intralot Finance UK Plc has been audited in 2015 for IFRS Group reporting purposes.

III. Acquisitions

A) Entergaming Ltd – United Kingdom

On late March 2016 the Group acquired 100% of the voting rights of Entergaming Ltd based in Alderney, an online sports betting operator with a significant player database. The Group acquired Entergaming Ltd to enrich the range of products offered and to expand its clientele.

The fair values of the identifiable assets and liabilities of Entergaming Ltd on the acquisition date were:

	Fair Value
Intangible assets	11.964
Long term liabilities	-9.774
Short term liabilities	-2.190
Total fair value of net identifiable assets	0
Goodwill recognized on acquisition	0
Total acquisition consideration	0
Analysis of cash flows on acquisition:	
Cash and cash equivalents acquired	0
Acquisition consideration in cash	0
Net cash flow on acquisition	0

B) Eurobet Ltd Group - Bulgaria

On April 2016, the Group announced the acquisition, through its Bulgarian subsidiary Bilot Investment Ltd, of a strategic stake in Eurobet Ltd a leading gaming company in Bulgaria. The Group acquired a 49% stake in Eurobet, a company that offers to the Bulgarian market numerical games and scratch tickets through a network of 1.100 points of sales countrywide. The Group already has strong presence in the country as 49% owner of Eurofootball, offering Fixed Odds and Live Betting through a network of 850 shops, since 2002.

The cost of the transaction amounts to € 19,5 million and will be paid as follows: € 5,85 million deposit and the remaining amount in installments over an 18 months period. The EV / Ebitda ratio for the acquisition of the shares amounted to approximately 5x. The acquisition was completed in early July 2016, after approval by the Competition Protection Commission. The Eurobet Group (Eurobet Ltd, Eurobet Trading Ltd & ICS SA) will be consolidated from July 2016 with the full consolidation method.

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IV. New Companies of the Group:

During the first half of 2016 the Group proceeded to the establishment of the subsidiary companies Bilot Investment Ltd (100%), Intralot Chile S.p.A. (100%) and Tecno Accion Uruguay S.A. (50,01%) and also the associate company Gamenet Group S.p.A. (20%).

V. Changes in ownership percentage during 2016:

During the first half of 2016 the Group did not proceed to any change in participation percentages in a subsidiary or associate company.

VI. Subsidiaries' Share Capital Increase:

During the first half of 2016 the Group completed a share capital increase through payment in cash in Netman SRL amounting €212 thousand, in Intralot Holding & Services SpA amounting to € 13.610 thousand, Ilot Capital UK Ltd amounting to € 5.630 thousand, Ilot Investments UK Ltd amounting to € 5.630 thousand and Veneta Servizi SRL amounting to € 15 thousand.

VII. Strike off - Disposal of Group Companies:

During the first half of 2016, the Group completed the liquidation and strike off of the associate company Ktems Holdings Co LTD.

VIII. Discontinued Operations
A) Italy

On 25/6/2016 the Group announced that it has signed an agreement, with Trilantic Capital Partners Europe, the main shareholder of Gamenet S.p.A ("Gamenet") in Italy, concerning the merge of the Italian activities of the INTRALOT Group (subsidiary companies Intralot Holding & Services S.p.A., Intralot Gaming Machines S.p.A., Intralot Italia S.p.A. and Veneta Servizi Srl) into those of Gamenet, one of the largest network concessionaires of VLT, AWP, betting and online gaming in the country.

This announcement was made following the announcement of the signing of a Memorandum of Understanding (MoU) on 21/3/2016. Following the completion of the transaction on 27/6/2016 and the approval of the competent Competition Authority, INTRALOT Group is envisaged to control 20% of the combined operations (Gamenet Group S.p.A. – note 2.19.A.II), with a network of approximately 750 betting POS, that will continue to use INTRALOT's brand name, ca. 8.200 VLTs, over 50.000 AWP and more than 60 directly owned and managed gaming halls. The above subsidiaries are presented in the geographical operating segment "European Union" (note 2.2). On 31/3/2016 the above activities of the Group in Italy were classified as assets held for sale and discontinued operations.

Below are presented the results of discontinued operations of the Group in Italy for the first half of 2016 and 2015 respectively:

	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015
Sale proceeds	323.256	291.180
Expenses	-332.739	-301.953
Other operating income	394	334
Other operating expenses	-1.150	-1.200
EBIT	-10.239	-11.639

EBITDA	3.923	1.163
Gain/(loss) from assets disposal, impairment loss and write-off of assets	-686	-110
Interest and similar expenses	-827	-231
Interest and similar income	3	29
Operating profit/(loss) before tax	-11.749	-11.951
Tax	0	0
	-11.749	-11.951
Gain/(loss) from disposal of discontinued operations	45.185	0
Corresponding tax	0	0
Profit/(loss) after tax from discontinued operations	33.436	-11.951

Below are presented the results of discontinued operations of the Group in Italy for the second quarter of 2016 and 2015 respectively:

	1/4-30/6/2016	1/4-30/6/2015
Sale proceeds	158.954	139.541
Expenses	-165.940	-146.557
Other operating income	191	51
Other operating expenses	-531	-845
EBIT	-7.326	-7.810
EBITDA	-218	-179
Gain/(loss) from assets disposal, impairment loss and write-off of assets	-377	-110
Interest and similar expenses	-739	-126
Interest and similar income	2	29
Operating profit/(loss) before tax	-8.440	-8.017
Tax	0	0
	-8.440	-8.017
Gain/(loss) from disposal of discontinued operations	45.185	0
Corresponding tax	0	0
Profit/(loss) after tax from discontinued operations	36.745	-8.017

The net assets held for sale of the Group's subsidiaries in Italy amounted to € 38.335 thousand on 30/06/2016, while the value of the Groups participation in the combined activity (Gamenet Group SpA) was estimated at € 83.520 thousand, forming the profits from sale (merge) of discontinued operations to € 45.185 thousand which are presented in the Groups Income Statement (line «Net Profit / (loss) after tax from discontinued operations»)

The net cash outflow of the Group during the transfer of discontinued operations in Italy amounted to €21.112 thousand, consisting of the cash contributions of the Group in the new combined business amounting € 13.610 thousand and the derecognition of the cash reserves of the merging subsidiaries of the Group amounting € 7.502 thousand.

Below are presented the net cash flows of the discontinued operations of the Groups subsidiaries in Italy:

	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015
Operating activities	4.443	1.710
Investing activities	-22.627	-1.053
Financing activities	-818	-465
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period	-19.002	192

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Since the end of June, the Group consolidates 20% of the combined activity (Gamenet Group SpA - note 2.19.A.II) with the equity method, the results of which are presented in the line "Profit / (loss) from equity method consolidations" in the Income statement of the Group.

B) Peru

On 26/5/2016 the Group announced that it has reached an agreement with Nexus Group to sell 80% of Intralot de Peru S.A.C., its 100% owned subsidiary in Peru. After the transaction the Group will continue to be the company's technological provider and will hold a 20% participation in Intralot de Peru S.A.C.'s capital stock. Intralot de Peru S.A.C. operates numerical games and sports betting in the country through a network of 3.700 POS and the Internet. The agreement is in line with Intralot Group's strategy to create, in selected countries, strategic partnerships with strong local partners that offer substantial synergies and local market know-how, strengthening the development of the local business. Closing of this transaction is subject to the completion of certain condition precedents typical for this kind of transactions, including third party consents. The above subsidiary is presented in the geographical operating segment "America" (note 2.2). On 30/6/2016 the above activities of the Group in Peru were classified as assets held for sale and discontinued operations.

Below are presented the results of discontinued operations of the Group in Peru (Intralot de Peru S.A.C.) for the first half of 2016 and 2015 respectively:

	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015
Sale proceeds	62.285	48.560
Expenses	-59.110	-45.225
Other operating income	7	129
Other operating expenses	-137	-32
EBIT	3.045	3.432
EBITDA	5.257	5.853
Gain/(loss) from assets disposal, impairment loss and write-off of assets	1	-69
Interest and similar expenses	-171	-168
Interest and similar income	124	26
Exchange Differences	-163	627
Operating profit/(loss) before tax	2.836	3.848
Tax	-982	-207
	1.854	3.641
Gain/(loss) from disposal of discontinued operations	0	0
Corresponding tax	0	0
Profit/(loss) after tax from discontinued operations	1.854	3.641

Below are presented the results of discontinued operations of the Group in Peru (Intralot de Peru S.A.C.) for the second quarter of 2016 and 2015 respectively:

	1/4-30/6/2016	1/4-30/6/2015
Sale proceeds	32.025	26.852
Expenses	-30.613	-24.868
Other operating income	7	98
Other operating expenses	-128	-24
EBIT	1.291	2.058
EBITDA	2.418	3.267
Gain/(loss) from assets disposal, impairment loss and write-off of assets	1	-32
Interest and similar expenses	-94	-37
Interest and similar income	6	19
Exchange Differences	0	-523
Operating profit/(loss) before tax	1.204	1.485

Tax	-534	386
	670	1.871
Gain/(loss) from disposal of discontinued operations	0	0
Corresponding tax	0	0
Profit/(loss) after tax from discontinued operations	670	1.871

Below are presented the main assets and liabilities of the discontinued operations of the Group in Peru (Intralot de Peru S.A.C.) classified as held for sale on 30/6/2016:

	30/6/2016
ASSETS	
Tangible assets	16.644
Intangible assets	867
Deferred Tax asset	1.101
Other long term receivables	1.098
Inventories	1.091
Trade and other short term receivables	4.768
Cash and cash equivalents	6.398
Assets held for sale	31.967
LIABILITIES	
Other long term provisions	145
Short term loans and finance leases	1.170
Trade and other short term liabilities	13.157
Current income tax payable	666
Liabilities directly related to assets held for sale	15.138
Net assets held for sale	16.829
<u>Amounts included in accumulated other comprehensive income:</u>	
Actuarial differences reserve	-2.164
Assets held for sale reserves	-2.164

Below are presented the net cash flows of the Groups discontinued operations in Peru (Intralot de Peru S.A.C.):

	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015
Operating activities	4.975	8.118
Investing activities	-868	-503
Financing activities	-113	-386
Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period	3.994	7.229

Below are presented the Profit / (loss) after tax per share of discontinued operations of the Group in Italy and those of Intralot de Peru SAC:

Earnings / (loss) after tax per share (€) from discontinued operations	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015
- basic	0,2228	-0,0524
- diluted	0,2228	-0,0524
Weighted Average number of shares	158.379.761	158.490.975

B. REAL LIENS

A group subsidiary has banking facilities amounting to €29,3 million, consisting of a loan amounting to €20 million, an overdraft of €5 million, and bank guarantee letters of €4,3 million. These facilities are secured by an initial general mortgage on all the subsidiary's present and future assets (on 30/6/2016 the loan balance amounted to €5,0 million and the used guarantee letters to €4,0 million and the

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overdraft was fully repaid). Also the second subsidiary of the Group has secured a loan of € 1,2 million with mortgage on a building.

There are no other restrictions than the above, in the ownership or transfer or other encumbrances on the Group's property.

On June 30, 2016 the Group had no contractual commitments for the purchase of tangible assets.

C. PROVISIONS

GROUP	Legal issues ¹	Unaudited fiscal years and tax audit expenses ²	Other provisions ³	Total provisions
Period opening balance	4.795	3.852	6.628	15.275
Period additions	12	600	875	1.487
Used provisions	0	0	-1.197	-1.197
Discounting	0	0	29	29
Disposal of subsidiary / change in consolidation method	0	-123	-387	-510
Discontinued operations	-145	0	0	-145
Translation differences	308	0	-96	212
Period closing balance	4.970	4.329	5.852	15.151
Long term provisions	4.970	70	1.018	6.058
Short term provisions	0	4.259	4.834	9.093
Total	4.970	4.329	5.852	15.151

¹ Relate to legal issues as analyzed in note 2.20.A.

² Relate to provisions for the coverage of differences from future audits for income tax and other tax. It is expected to be used in the next 1-2 years.

³ Relate to provisions for risks none of which are individually material to the Group except from provisions for additional fees (bonus) and other employee benefits of the Group amounting to €2.243 thousand as well as provisions for future payments under "onerous contracts" as provided by IAS 37 amounting to € 1.442 thousand. The Other provisions are expected to be used in the next 1-7 years.

COMPANY	Legal issues ¹	Unaudited fiscal years and tax audit expenses ²	Other provisions	Total provisions
Period opening balance	4.665	3.269	91	8.025
Period additions	0	600	0	600
Translation differences	305	0	0	305
Period closing balance	4.970	3.869	91	8.930
Long term provisions	4.970	0	0	4.970
Short term provisions	0	3.869	91	3.960
Total	4.970	3.869	91	8.930

¹ Relate to legal issues as analyzed in note 2.20.A.

² Relate to provisions for the coverage of differences from future audits for income tax and other tax. It is expected to be used in the next 1-2 years.

D. PERSONNEL EMPLOYED

The number of employees of the Group on 30/6/2016 amounted to 5.233 persons (4.591 Company/subsidiaries and associates 642) and the Company's 671 persons. Correspondingly on 30/6/2015 the number of employees of the Group amounted to 5.301 persons (Company/subsidiaries 5.103 and associates 198) and the Company 678 persons. At the end of 2015 the number of employees of the Group amounted to 5.080 persons (4.963 Company/subsidiaries and associates 117) and the Company 660 persons.

E. RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

Intralot SA purchases goods and services and/or provides goods and services to various related companies, in the ordinary course of business. These related companies consisting of subsidiaries, associates or other related companies which have common ownership and / or management with Intralot SA.

Below is a condensed report of the transactions for the first half of 2016 and the balances on 30/6/2016 of other related parties:

Amounts reported in thousands of € (total operations)	1/1-30/6/2016	
	GROUP	COMPANY
Income		
-from subsidiaries	0	21.009
-from associates	1.055	902
-from other related parties	2.754	2.571
Expenses		
-to subsidiaries	0	10.536
-to associates	6	6
-to other related parties	3.190	2.322
BoD and Key Management Personnel transactions and fees	4.966	2.280

Amounts reported in thousands of €	30/6/2016	
	GROUP	COMPANY
Receivables		
-from subsidiaries	0	70.035
-from associates	17.068	5.574
-from other related parties	18.214	9.955
Payables		
-to subsidiaries	0	316.158
-to associates	4.297	-4
-to other related parties	21.115	15.497
BoD and Key Management Personnel receivables	351	0
BoD and Key Management Personnel payables	154	0

Below there is a summary of the transactions for the first half of 2015 and the balances of 31/12/2015 with related parties:

Amounts reported in thousands of € (total operations)	1/1-30/6/2015	
	GROUP	COMPANY
Income		
-from subsidiaries	0	28.851
-from associates	1.178	1.237
-from other related parties	8.749	6.844
Expenses		
-to subsidiaries	0	15.833
-to associates	410	-131
-to other related parties	4.371	3.084
BoD and Key Management Personnel transactions and fees	5.727	2.877

Amounts reported in thousands of €	31/12/2015	
	GROUP	COMPANY
Receivables		
-from subsidiaries	0	82.868
-from associates	15.709	8.839
-from other related parties	16.150	10.481

<u>Payables</u>		
-to subsidiaries	0	311.300
-to associates	647	108
-to other related parties	20.771	15.625
BoD and Key Management Personnel receivables	711	0
BoD and Key Management Personnel payables	507	246

Sales and services to related parties are made at normal market prices. Outstanding balances at year end are unsecured and settlement occurs in cash. No guarantees have been provided or received for the above requirements.

In the first half of 2016, the Company held a reversal of provisions concerning a reduction estimate in the recoverable amount of receivables from subsidiaries of €14,4 million due to realized and expected receipts related to these subsidiaries (first half of 2015: €34,9 mil.) that was recognized in Income Statement of the period.

Meanwhile, in the first half of 2016, the Company made provisions concerning reduction in the estimate of recoverable value of receivables from subsidiaries amounting to € 10,6 million (first half of 2015: € 4,1 million.) that were recorded in the income statement for the period while an amount of € 0.5 million provisions that were formed in previous years were eventually used due to the merger of the Group's activities in Italy. The accumulated relevant provisions on 30/6/2016 amounted to €37,6 million. (31/12/2015: €41,9 million).

2.20 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES, ASSETS AND COMMITMENTS

A. LITIGATION CASES

a. On 5th September 2005 a lawsuit was served to the company, filed by the company "IPPOTOUR S.A.", against the company and the company "OPAP S.A.". The plaintiff "IPPOTOUR S.A." requested to be acknowledged that the contract signed between OPAP S.A. and the Company should not grant to the latter the right to operate any kind of wagering game on Greek or foreign horse racing, that "OPAP S.A." should not have the right to operate any kind of wagering game on horse racing and that "OPAP S.A." and the company should be excluded from the operation and organization of betting games on horse racing. The hearing of the case had been set for 14th February 2008 when the hearing was postponed for 8th October 2009; at that date the hearing was cancelled due to the national elections. No summons for the schedule of a new hearing date has been served to the company until now. By virtue of the above mentioned lawsuit the plaintiff withdrew of the lawsuit filed against the Company and OPAP SA on 10th January 2003 with the same content, which was set to be heard on 18th May 2005, on which date the said hearing was cancelled. The Legal Department of the Company considers that, in case of the hearing of the case, the above-mentioned lawsuit would not be successful.

b. On 4th January 2005 OPAP S.A. submitted a notice of proceedings to "Betting Company S.A." regarding a lawsuit that was filed against OPAP S.A. before the Multi-member Court of First Instance of Athens, with which the plaintiff claims the payment of the amount of €3.668.378,60 plus accrued interests from OPAP S.A., pleading that OPAP S.A. should pay this amount to him as profit, in addition to the amount already paid to him. Since Betting Company S.A. has a legitimate interest in OPAP S.A. winning the lawsuit, Betting Company S.A., the companies INTRALOT S.A. and INTRALOT INTERNATIONAL LTD proceeded to an additional joint intervention in favour of OPAP S.A.; this was scheduled for hearing on 3rd May 2007 but following a petition for precipitation of the plaintiff the

case was heard on 1st December 2005. By its decision No 2412/2006 the Multi-member Court of First Instance of Athens ruled in favour of the lawsuit of the plaintiff and, following the restriction by the plaintiff of his petition to a lawsuit for acknowledgement of the debt, the Court acknowledged the obligation of OPAP S.A to pay to the plaintiff the amount of €3.668.378,60. OPAP S.A and the aforementioned companies filed an appeal on 28/6/2006 which had been rejected by the Athens Court of Appeals with its decision no. 6377/2007. The defendants filed an appeal before the Supreme Court which was heard on 9th November 2009 and decision no. 1252/2010 was issued accepting the appeal and referring back the case to the Athens Court of Appeals which vindicated the defendants and dismissed the lawsuit with its decision no. 5189/2012. For the above case a provision had been made which has been reversed. On 23rd July 2014 an application for cassation was served to the company which has been heard, following a postponement, on 2nd February 2015 and the decision no 1062/2015 was issued referring the case for hearing before the plenary session of the Supreme Court. No hearing date before the plenary session of the Supreme Court has been set.

c. INTRALOT filed before Multi-member Court of First Instance of Athens its civil lawsuit dated 12th May 2005 against Mr. K. Thomaidis, claiming the payment of sum of €300.000 as pecuniary compensation for moral damage. The case was scheduled for hearing on 26th January 2006. On 18th January 2006 the company was served with a lawsuit filed by Mr. K. Thomaidis on 9th January 2006, before the Multi-member Court of First Instance of Athens with which the plaintiff claims the payment of sum of €300.000 as pecuniary compensation for moral damage. The case was scheduled for hearing on 14th December 2006. The suit of INTRALOT against Mr. K. Thomaidis was postponed to be heard on 14th December 2006. The two lawsuits have been heard together and the decision no 7936/2007 was issued declaring the lawsuit dated 9th January 2006 of Mr. K. Thomaidis as cancelled and accepting partially INTRALOT's lawsuit dated 12th May 2005. Until now, no appeal against this decision has been served to the company.

d. Against (a) publishing company "I. Sideris – Andreas Sideris Sons O.E.", (b) the Foundation of Economic and Industrial Researches (IOBE), (c) Mr. Theodosios Palaskas, Director of Research of IOBE, (d) the Kokkalis Foundation, and (e) INTRALOT, a lawsuit of Mr. Charalambos Kolymbalis, was filed on 8th March 2007 before the Multi-member Athens Court of First Instance. With his lawsuit, the plaintiff requests to be recognized as the sole creator of the project entitled "The financial consequences of sports in Greece" and his intellectual property right on this, and that the amount of €300.000 to be paid to him as monetary compensation for moral damages. Date of the hearing was set the 20th February 2008 when it was postponed for 4th March 2009 and then again for 24th February 2010; on that date the hearing of the case was cancelled due to strike of the judicial secretaries. New hearing date was scheduled the 23rd May 2012 when the case was heard and the decision no. 5724/2012 of the Athens Multi-member Court of First Instance was issued which dismissed the lawsuit. On 17 October 2015 an appeal was served to the company against the above decision, which was scheduled to be heard before the Athens Court of Appeals on 11 February 2016; on that date the hearing was postponed for 22 September 2016 due to lawyers strike.

e. On 26th July 2011 a lawsuit was served to INTRALOT SA and the company "Interstar Security LTD" from a former employee of INTRALOT SA claiming the payment of €500.000 as compensation for moral damage. The hearing had been initially set for 6th March 2014 when it was postponed for 10

November 2016. The estimate of the legal advisors of the Company is that the lawsuit has no serious chance of success.

f. The Company and its subsidiary "Intralot International Limited" and Mr. Socratis P. Kokkalis, filed before the Athens Multi-member Court of First Instance their lawsuit dated 1st November 2012 against the company "Glory Technology Limited" having its registered offices in Cyprus and Mr. Athanassios K. Ktorides, resident of Cyprus, requesting to compel the defendants to pay, jointly and severally, because of slander and their unfair competitive behaviour:

- to the first plaintiff (Intralot) the amount of €72.860.479,78 (including monetary compensation for moral damages amounting to €25.000.000) with the legal interest as from the service of the lawsuit
- to the second plaintiff (Intralot International Limited) the amount of €5.019.081,67 (including monetary compensation for moral damages amounting to €5.000.000) with the legal interest as from the service of the lawsuit; and
- to the third plaintiff (Mr. Socratis P. Kokkalis) the amount of €50.424.019,73 (including monetary compensation for moral damages amounting to €25.000.000) with the legal interest as from the service of the lawsuit.

The Athens Multi-member Court of First Instance issued its decision partially accepting the lawsuit; "Glory Technology Limited" is obliged to pay €50.000 to the first plaintiff, €25.000 to the second plaintiff and €25.000 to the third plaintiff. No appeal of the other party has been served to the Company yet. The Company filed an appeal against the decision requesting that the lawsuit to be accepted in total; no hearing date has been set for the appeal.

On the other hand, the company "Glory Technology Limited" and Mr. Athanassios K. Ktorides filed before the same court their lawsuit dated 19 March 2013 claiming that with the filing of the abovementioned lawsuit (from which unfair competitive behaviour results, as they allege) moral damage was caused to them. With their lawsuit, the plaintiffs were requesting from the court to compel the Company, "Intralot International Limited" and Mr. Socratis Kokkalis to pay jointly and severally monetary compensation for moral damages amounting to €25.000.000 to each of the plaintiffs. The hearing of the case had been scheduled for 16th October 2013. On 23rd September 2013, the plaintiffs withdrew from the lawsuit.

g. In Turkey, GSGM filed before the Ankara Tax Court a lawsuit against the local Tax Authority requesting the annulment of a penalty amounting to TRY 5.075.465 (€1.568.196) imposed on GSGM, since the Tax Authority considers that stamp duty should have been paid by GSGM also for the second copy of the contract dated 29th August 2008 with Inteltek as well as for the letter of guarantee securing the minimum turnover of GSGM games. Inteltek intervened in the case before the abovementioned court in favour of GSGM because, according to the contract dated 29th August 2008, GSGM may request from Inteltek the amount that will be finally obliged to pay. The decision issued by the court vindicates GSGM and Inteltek and the abovementioned penalty was cancelled. The Tax Authority filed an appeal which was rejected by the Turkish Council of State which validated the decision of the first instance court that had cancelled the penalty.

h. In Colombia, INTRALOT, on 22nd July 2004, entered into an agreement with an entity called Empresa Territorial para la salud ("Etesa"), under which it was granted with the right to operate games of chance in Colombia. In accordance with terms of the abovementioned agreement, INTRALOT

has submitted an application to initiate arbitration proceedings against Etesa requesting to be recognized that there has been a disruption to the economic balance of abovementioned agreement to the detriment of INTRALOT and for reasons not attributable to INTRALOT and that Etesa to be compelled to the modification of the financial terms of the agreement in the manner specified by INTRALOT as well as to pay damages to INTRALOT (including damages for loss of profit) or alternatively to terminate now the agreement with no liability to INTRALOT. The arbitration court adjudicated in favour of Etesa the amount of 23,6 billion Colombian pesos (€6,6m). The application for annulment of the arbitration award filed by INTRALOT before the High Administrative Court was rejected. The Company filed a lawsuit before the Constitutional Court which was rejected. On 31 August 2016 an application was served to the Company requesting to render the abovementioned arbitration decision as executable in Greece; the application has been scheduled to be heard before the Athens One-Member First Instance Court on 1 November 2016. The Company has created relative provision in its financial statements part of which (€2,2m) has already been used for the payment to Etesa of a letter of guarantee amounting to 7.694.081.042 Colombian pesos.

i. Against the subsidiary Intralot Holdings International Ltd., a shareholder of LOTROM SA and against LOTROM SA, another shareholders of LOTROM SA, Mr. Petre Ion filed a lawsuit before the competent court of Bucharest requesting that Intralot Holdings International Ltd to be obliged to purchase his shares in LOTROM SA for €2.500.000 and that LOTROM SA to be obliged to register in the shareholders book such transfer. Following the hearing of 28th September 2010 a decision of the court was issued accepting the lawsuit of the plaintiff. Intralot Holdings International Ltd and LOTROM SA filed an appeal which was rejected. The abovementioned companies further filed a recourse before the Supreme Court which was heard and rejected. Mr. Petre Ion initiated an enforcement procedure of the above decision in Romania. The companies will exercise legal means against the enforcement procedure according to the provisions of the Romanian laws.

j. Mr. Petre Ion filed in Romania a lawsuit against Intralot Holdings International Ltd and LOTROM requesting to issue a decision to replace the share purchase contract of its shares in LOTROM SA for €2.500.000 (for which he had filed the above lawsuit) in order to oblige Intralot Holdings International Ltd a) to pay the amount of €400.000 as tax on the above price, b) to sign on the shareholders book for the transfer of the shares, c) to pay the price of the transfer and the legal costs. The Court of First Instance rejected Mr. Petre Ion's lawsuit. Mr. Petre Ion filed an appeal which was heard on 4 November 2014 and was partially accepted. The Company filed an appeal against this decision which was rejected. Following postponements, the case was heard on 10 June 2016 and the respective first instance decision was issued on 19 July 2016; the lawsuit against LOTROM was rejected while it was accepted partially in respect to its part filed against Intralot Holdings International Ltd., obligating the latter to pay the amount of the purchase and the legal expenses. The company Intralot Holdings International Ltd. will file all legal means against this decision.

k. On 24 April 2013 the Company was notified of the existence of a research conducted by the Competition Board of Romania in relation to the contract signed in 2003 with Compania Nationala Loteria Romana regarding the Videolotto program. The Competition Board of Romania imposed a fine to the Company amounting to 5.541.874 ROL (€1.225.157) and to the subsidiary LOTROM to 512.469 ROL (€112.998). The Company and its subsidiary LOTROM filed a lawsuit against the respective

decision requesting its annulment and the suspension of its execution. The applications for the suspension of validity of the above decision of the Competition Board were rejected and the Company and its subsidiary LOTROM filed appeals; no hearing date has been scheduled yet. Also, an application for the suspension of execution was filed by Intralot, scheduled to be heard on 13th November 2014, date on which the Court decided to suspend the issue of the decision until the competent court decides on the main recourse filed for annulment of the decision of the Competition Board. Against said decision an appeal was filed which has been rejected. Finally, regarding the applications for the annulment of the decision of the Competition Board, the application of INTRALOT is scheduled to be heard, following postponements, on 21 September 2016, while the respective application of LOTROM which has been heard, following postponements, on 16 December 2015, was accepted by the court and the fine imposed to LOTROM was cancelled. No appeal against this decision has been served to LOTROM.

l. In Romania, the subsidiary Lotrom was notified on the beginning of an investigation conducted by the competent authorities against the state lottery CNLR, client of the Group, in relation to alleged occurrence of the crime of conducting games of chance without license and possible complicity to that, in relation to the operation of Video Lottery machines of CNLR; the Group was the technology provider of CNLR from 2003 to 2014. Intralot was notified, through rogatory procedure, that itself along with LOTROM and Intracom, are alleged to be accomplices of the state lottery CNLR to the abovementioned crimes. Intralot refuted with a memo duly submitted within February 2016, the above allegations. Due to the early stage of the procedure and the nature of the case as well as due to the secrecy of the investigation procedures, neither further comments on the issue nor any estimation of any possible negative financial effect on the financials of the group can be provided.

m. In Poland, as a result of bet making points controls conducted by Custom Service bodies in 6 shops, a gambling law breach was claimed to be made by the "E-Promotion" program of the subsidiary "Totolotek Totomix SA" and a relevant administrative procedure was initiated which was concluded with the issue of a second instance decision of the Ministry of Finance for revocation of the six relevant licenses; the company filed a recourse against this decision before the Administrative Courts which was rejected and an appeal was filed against the respective decision which is pending. In relation to all remaining shops a second instance decision of the Ministry of Finance was issued revoking their licenses. The company has filed recourses before Administrative Courts which were rejected at the first and second instance except one case for which the hearing date before the second instance court is pending. "Totolotek Totomix SA" intends to file further legal means against the above decisions. Since December 2012, new licenses have already been issued by virtue of which the subsidiary "Totolotek Totomix SA" operates and, therefore, the abovementioned cases will not affect its activities. Following the abovementioned decisions of the Ministry of Finance regarding the revocation of the licenses, a fine amounting to 480.000 Euro was imposed to the company. The company filed a recourse against this decision and the court issued, on 13 May 2015, its decision vindicating "Totolotek Totomix SA" and cancelled the fine, while the respective appeal filed was rejected by the Warsaw Supreme Court rendering final the decision of the court which cancelled the fine.

n. In Italy, the company Tike Games S.r.l. filed a lawsuit before the civil courts of Rome requesting a compensation in the amount of 378.400 Euro in relation to a contract signed with Intralot Italia S.p.A.

which now belongs to the group of Gamenet SpA where Intralot group has 20% participation. Intralot Italia S.p.A. had terminated the above contract due to material breach of an exclusivity undertaking provision when Intralot Italia SpA realized that the plaintiff had installed in its point of sale gaming machines (AWPs and VLTs) of a third party-concessionaire which was not approved by Intralot Italia S.p.A. The plaintiff claims that Intralot Italia S.p.A. is responsible for the compensation since it delayed to install the respective gaming machines. Following the hearing of 6th May 2015, the court set the next hearing date for 13 January 2016 when the case was heard and the issue of the decision is expected. The opinion of the external legal advisors is that the above lawsuit will not finally succeed.

o. In August 2012, two British Virgin Island companies filed a Complaint in the United States Bankruptcy Court Southern District of Florida, Miami Division, against numerous defendants, including Supreme Ventures Limited ("SVL"), a publicly traded gaming company listed on the Jamaican Stock Exchange in which INTRALOT holds an indirect shareholding interest. Notably, as per SVL, the lawsuit is based on the same claims (related to demands arose before the acquisition of INTRALOT's participation in SVL), towards third parties, initial shareholders and/or directors of SVL, or not, which were brought in, and were recently rejected by the Jamaican courts, first by the Supreme Court and then again by the Court of Appeals. INTRALOT is named as a «Relief Defendant» which means that INTRALOT is not alleged to have been part - directly or indirectly - of any wrongdoing, since the alleged by the plaintiffs acts are made before the acquisition of SVL's shares by INTRALOT through the Jamaican Stock Exchange. Intralot agrees with SVL's opinion that the Complaint is wholly without merit and expects that it will be successful in the Florida courts, as it was in the Jamaican courts.

p. In Brazil, a former officer of a subsidiary company filed a lawsuit against such subsidiary requesting several amounts to be paid to him as fees resulting from his labour relationship amounting to approx. €240.000 and from a services agreement calculated as a percentage 4% on the turnover of the subsidiary. On August 23rd, 2013, the decision of the local court was issued dismissing the lawsuit. The plaintiff filed an appeal and a decision was issued at the end of July 2014 which refers the case for a new hearing before the Court of First Instance. The court accepted the claim of the plaintiff in relation to the amounts owed due to his labor relationship but rejected the claim for remuneration resulting from a services agreement. The company is examining the possibility to file legal means against this decision.

q. On 30 July 2012, Intralot filed before the Athens Multi-member Court of First Instance a lawsuit against the company "Hellenic Organization of Horse Racing S.A." (ODIE) requesting the payment of the amount of €2.781.381,15 relating to system maintenance services provided but not paid. The case was heard on 6th May 2015 and the issue of the decision is pending.

Moreover, Intralot filed a recourse to the arbitration panel on 13 August 2012 against the same company ODIE requesting the payment of the amount of €9.551.527,34 relating to operational services of integrated system provided but not paid. The arbitration was concluded on 1st March 2013 and the arbitration decision no 27/2013 was issued vindicating Intralot and compelling ODIE to pay to Intralot the total amount requested (€9.551.527,34). In order to secure its claims, Intralot:

a) by virtue of the above arbitration decision, has already recorded on the mortgage books of the Land Registry Office of Kropia a mortgage on a land property of ODIE and specifically on the property where

the Horse Racetrack of Athens in Markopoulo Attica is operating, and on the buildings thereupon, for an amount of €11.440.655,35.

b) by virtue of the decision no 2209/2014 of the Athens Single Member Court of First Instance, has already recorded on the mortgage books of the Land Registry Office of Kropia, a note of mortgage on the same real estate of ODIE for an amount of €9.481.486,11.

c) advanced the procedure of compulsory execution against ODIE in order to execute its claims.

Furthermore, on 20 March 2014, Intralot filed before the Athens Multi-member Court of First Instance a lawsuit against ODIE requesting the payment of the amount of €8.043.568,69 which is owed to it pursuant to the "Agreement of Maintenance and Operation of the System of the Mutual Betting on Horse Races of ODIE" dated 6 March 2012. The hearing date is 17th February 2016 but on that date the hearing was postponed for 4 October 2017 due to lawyers' strike.

The confiscation on the above land property of ODIE in Markopoulo Attica imposed in the frame of the abovementioned procedure of compulsory execution against ODIE, was reversed with the consent of Intralot on 15 December 2015 in execution of the terms of the agreement dated 24 November 2015 between Intralot and ODIE which settled the payment of all above claims of Intralot. Pursuant to this agreement, ODIE assigned to Intralot 2/3 of the rent which it will receive from the lease agreement relating to that real estate to the company "Ippodromies SA". The payment of the assigned rent amounts has already been started.

r. In Italy, the company Stanley International Betting Ltd filed a recourse before the administrative courts of Lazio against the State Autonomous Administrative Monopolies (AAMS) and eventually against all companies to which licenses for conducting betting activities have been granted, including Intralot Italia SpA, (which now belongs to the group of Gamenet SpA where Intralot group has 20% participation) requesting the annulment of the legislative decree of 2012 which provided for the granting of licenses for betting activities for three years, the annulment of the tenders conducted in 1999 and 2006 and the betting licenses granted pursuant to them for twelve and nine years respectively.

The hearing of the case was made on 5 February 2014 and the court decided to suspend the issue of the decision until the European Court of Justice responds on some preliminary queries which have been set by the court of second instance relating to a recourse of Stanley International Betting Ltd against AAMS and the companies SNAI S.p.A. and Intralot Italia S.p.A. which was rejected at the first instance and was related, among others, to the legality of the participation of Stanley International Betting Ltd to the tenders of 1999 and 2006. The second instance court (Consiglio di Stato) rejected the appeal of Stanley International Betting Ltd following a decision of the European Court which was negative for Stanley International Betting Ltd, while a second recourse of the other party is pending before the court of first instance.

s. In Italy, pursuant to a law passed in December 2014, a decision was issued by the Italian Autonomous Administration of State Monopolies (AAMS) on 15th January 2015, according to which, all companies that operate gaming machines are required to pay to the Italian Autonomous Administration of State Monopolies (AAMS) the amount of 1,2K Euro per gaming machine which was in operation on 31st December 2014. The total balance due by all the industry companies is €500 million. The amount corresponding to Intralot Gaming Machines S.p.A. (which now belongs to the

group of Gamenet SpA where Intralot group has 20% participation), is approximately €13 million. Intralot Gaming Machines S.p.A., together with all the industry companies, have appealed to the competent administrative court against both the abovementioned law and the decision of AAMS, requesting the annulment thereof for being unconstitutional as well as the suspension of the execution of the law and of AAMS's decision. The request for the suspension of execution was rejected by the competent court on 1st April 2015. The case regarding the constitutionality was heard on 1st July 2015 and the decision issued requested from the parties to submit additional information. Following a new hearing on 21 October 2015, the court, on 17 November 2015, decided to suspend the issue of the decision and to refer the case before the Constitutional Court. No hearing date before the Constitutional Court has been scheduled. Intralot Gaming Machines S.p.A. has exercised the right conferred by Law to recharge almost all of that tax to the sales network.

t. A former officer of the Company filed a lawsuit before the Athens First Instance Court requesting the payment of the amount of €121.869,81 as non-paid wages. The hearing had been scheduled for 25 May 2016 when it was postponed for 4 June 2018 due to lawyers' abstention from hearings. The Legal Department of the Company considers that, following the hearing of the case, the above-mentioned lawsuit would not be successful.

u. In U.S.A., "Georgia Atlanta Amusement" which is a master license holder to operate video lottery games in the state of Georgia U.S.A., filed a lawsuit against the subsidiary Intralot, Inc. and demands approx. 400.000 US dollars (€351.339) claiming malfunction of the monitoring system of the video lottery in the state of Georgia, U.S.A. The malfunction was due to equipment of third party provider. At the mediation stage it was agreed that Intralot, Inc. will pay the amount of 300.000 US dollars. Intralot, Inc. will examine the possibility to turn against the third party provider for the payment of any possible compensation.

v. In Poland a lawsuit was filed against the subsidiary "Totolotek Totomix SA" by a player of betting games; he claims that the amount of 861.895PLN (€202.437) which was not paid by the abovementioned subsidiary because of violation of the betting regulations by the plaintiff, is due to him. "Totolotek Totomix SA" has requested the case to be heard before the Warsaw courts (instead of the courts of the town Torun) and this application was accepted, however the plaintiff has filed a recourse requesting that the case to be heard before the courts of Torun; the decision is pending.

w. There is a dispute pending between on the one hand the subsidiary company Intralot Leasing Netherlands B.V. in its capacity as lessee and the Company in its capacity as guarantor and on the other hand the company Econocom Nederland B.V. with respect to a sale and leaseback of equipment agreement dated 28 March 2013 and more specifically in relation to a claim of Econocom Nederland B.V. for further payments to it. As per the agreement's terms, a stand-by letter of credit issued by the French bank Societe Generale in the amount of €5mil. had been delivered to Econocom Nederland B.V. The Company requested from the competent French court in Paris this stand-by letter of credit not to be called and the court issued a temporary decision restricting Societe Generale from paying any amount from the above stand-by letter of credit to Econocom Nederland B.V. until the hearing of the case on 15 September 2016. A lawsuit will also be filed with a request to be recognized that no further amounts are due to Econocom Nederland B.V. by virtue of the above agreement.

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Until 31/08/2016, apart from the legal issues for which a provision has been recognised, the Group Management estimates that the rest of the litigations will be finalized without a material effect on the Group's and the Company's financial position and results.

B. FISCAL YEARS UNAUDITED BY THE TAX AUTHORITIES
I) SUBSIDIARIES

COMPANY	YEARS	COMPANY	YEARS
INTRALOT S.A.	2012-2013 & 2015	WHITE EAGLE INVESTMENTS LTD	2014-2015
BETTING COMPANY S.A.	2007-2010 & 2015	BETA RIAL Sp.Zoo	2011-2015
BETTING CYPRUS LTD	2011-2015	POLLOT Sp.Zoo	2011-2014
INTRALOT AUSTRALIA PTY LTD	2012-2015	TOTOLOTEK S.A.	2011-2015
INTRALOT GAMING SERVICES PTY	2012-2015	INTRALOT SLOVAKIA SPOL. S.R.O.	2014-2015
INTRALOT IBERIA HOLDINGS SA	2011-2015	SLOVENSKE LOTERIE A.S.	2011-2015
INTRALOT JAMAICA LTD	2010-2015	TORSYS S.R.O. ³	2011-2013
INTRALOT TURKEY A.S.	2011-2015	TACTUS S.R.O. ³	2011-2014
INTRALOT DE MEXICO LTD	2006-2015	NIKANTRO HOLDINGS Co LTD	2010-2015
INTRALOT CHILE SPA	-	LOTERIA MOLDOVEI S.A.	2014-2015
INTELTEK INTERNET AS	2011-2015	INTRALOT BETTING OPERATIONS (CYPRUS) LTD	2010-2015
AZERINTELTEK AS	2014-2015	ROYAL HIGHGATE LTD	2008-2015
INTRALOT DE PERU SAC	2013-2015	INTRALOT LEASING NEDERLAND B.V.	2013-2015
SERVICIOS TRANSDATA S.A. ¹	2010-2013	INTRALOT IRELAND LTD	2014-2015
POLDIN LTD	2011-2015	BILOT INVESTMENT LTD	-
ATROPOS S.A.	2009-2015	TECNO ACCION URUGUAY S.A.	-
INTRALOT SERVICES S.A.	2015	INTRALOT CYPRUS GLOBAL ASSETS LTD	2012-2015
INTRALOT ADRIATIC DOO	2015	INTRALOT OOO	2013-2015
BILYONER INTERAKTIF HIZMELTER AS GROUP	2012-2015	INTRALOT DISTRIBUTION OOO	2013-2015
INTRALOT MAROC S.A.	2012-2015	INTRALOT ST. LUCIA LTD	2008-2015
GAMING SOLUTIONS INTERNATIONAL LTDA	2011-2015	INTRALOT GUATEMALA S.A.	2009-2015
INTRALOT DE COLOMBIA (BRANCH)	2011-2015	LOTERIAS Y APUESTAS DE GUATEMALA S.A.	2009-2015
INTRALOT INTERACTIVE S.A.	2010 & 2015	INTRALOT DOMINICANA S.A.	2009-2015
INTRALOT GLOBAL SECURITIES B.V.	2013-2015	INTRALOT LATIN AMERICA INC	2008-2015
INTRALOT FINANCE LUXEMBOURG S.A.	2013-2015	INTRALOT SURINAME LTD	2008-2015
INTRALOT CAPITAL LUXEMBOURG S.A.	2014-2015	CARIBBEAN VLT SERVICES LTD	2012-2015
INTRALOT GLOBAL HOLDINGS B.V.	2013-2015	INTRALOT CARIBBEAN VENTURES LTD	2010-2015
INTRALOT INC	2010-2011 & 2013-2015	SUPREME VENTURES LTD	2008-2015
DC09 LLC	2011-2015	INTRALOT HOLDINGS INTERNATIONAL LTD	2012-2015
ILOT CAPITAL UK LTD	2015	INTRALOT INTERNATIONAL LTD	2010-2015
ILOT INVESTMENT UK LTD	2015	INTRALOT OPERATIONS LTD	2010-2015
INTRALOT NEDERLAND B.V.	2010-2015	NETMAN SRL	2011-2015
LOTROM S.A.	2010-2015	BILOT EOOD	2011-2015
INTRALOT BEIJING Co LTD	2007-2015	EUROFOOTBALL LTD	2010-2015
TECNO ACCION S.A.	2011-2015	EUROFOOTBALL PRINT LTD	2011-2015
TECNO ACCION SALTA S.A.	2015	INTRALOT TECHNOLOGIES LTD	2010-2015
MALTCO LOTTERIES LTD	2004-2015	INTRALOT LOTTERIES LTD	2011-2015
INTRALOT NEW ZEALAND LTD	2010-2015	INTRALOT INVESTMENTS LTD	2012-2015
INTRALOT DO BRAZIL LTDA	2011-2015	INTRALOT BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT LTD	2010-2015
INTRALOT MINAS GERAIS LTDA ²	2011-2012	GAMING SOLUTIONS INTERNATIONAL SAC	2011-2015
OLTP LTDA	2011-2015	NAFIROL S.A.	-
INTRALOT ARGENTINA S.A.	2011-2015	LEBANESE GAMES S.A.L	-
INTRALOT GERMANY GMBH	2012-2015	INTRALOT HONG KONG HOLDINGS LTD	2015
INTRALOT SOUTH KOREA S.A.	2007-2015	ENTERGAMING LTD	-
INTRALOT FINANCE UK PLC	2014-2015	INTRALOT BETTING OPERATIONS RUSSIA LTD	2011-2015
INTRALOT ASIA PACIFIC LTD	-	FAVORIT BOOKMAKERS OFFICE OOO	2013-2015

¹ The subsidiary company Servicios Transdata SA has merged with Intralot De Peru SAC

² The subsidiary company Intralot Minas Gerais Ltda has merged with Intralot Do Brazil Ltda

³ The subsidiary companies Torsys SRO and Tactus SRO have merged with Slovenske Loterie AS

The tax audit was completed in Pollot Sp. Zoo for the year 2015. Also in Intralot New Zealand Ltd was conducted and completed the examination of tax returns as for risk of taxation of intellectual property rights for the years 2014-2016. No charge from conducting tax inspection was revealed in companies Pollot Sp. Zoo and Intralot New Zealand Ltd. In Royal Highgate LTD the tax audit is in progress for the years 2008-2012. Meanwhile, there is a tax audit in progress for the periods 2010-2012 in Intralot Jamaica LTD, for the period 2013-2014 in Intralot de Peru SAC, for the period 2010-2011 in Eurofootball LTD, for the year 2013-2014 in Bilyoner Interaktif Hiizmelter AS, for the period 2008-2014 in Supreme Ventures LTD as well for the period January 2014 to April 2016 in AzerInteltek AS. The tax audit is in progress for the year 2013 in the field of VAT in Intralot Leasing Nederland BV. In Servicios Transdata S.A the tax audit for the income tax has been completed during the year 2014 as for the year 2008 and for VAT as for the period 1/1/2008-30/6/2009 imposing additional taxes and fines amounting to €3,4 million. The company has started an objection according to the relevant law for the cancellation of imposed taxes and fines. The company's legal consultants believe that the most possible outcome of the case will be positive. In Lotrom started a tax audit from local tax authorities pertaining to the economic activities that imply operations with VAT, for the period 2004-2014. Moreover, the tax inspection for INTRALOT SA in 2011 has been completed imposing taxes on accounting differences plus surcharges amounting to €3,9 million. The Company filed administrative appeals against the relevant control sheets with an effect the decrease of taxes to the amount €3,34 million. The Company testified new appeals to the Administrative Greek Courts. The company's management and its legal advisors estimate that the appeals will thrive finally for the most part. The Company has formed sufficient provisions and has paid the whole amount of the taxes.

Moreover, the tax audit for the issuance of tax certificate is in progress for the fiscal year 2015 for the companies INTRALOT S.A., INTRALOT Interactive SA and Betting Company SA as well as Intralot Services SA while it was notified to Intralot SA by the competent tax authorities a partial audit/reaudit command for the years 2007 & 2008 as well as regular tax audit for the year 2012.

II) ASSOCIATE COMPANIES & JOINT VENTURES

COMPANY	PERIODS
LOTRICH INFORMATION Co LTD	2014-2015
INTRALOT SOUTH AFRICA LTD	2014-2015
GOREWARD LTD	2015
PRECIOUS SUCCESS LTD GROUP	2013-2015
GAIN ADVANCE GROUP LTD	-
KTEMS HOLDINGS CO LTD	2005-2015
OASIS RICH INTERNATIONAL LTD	2015
WUSHENG COMPUTER TECHNOLOGY (SHANGHAI) CO LTD	2015
BIT8 LTD	2015
SWITCH IT NV	-
UNICLIC LTD	2004-2015
DOWA LTD	2004-2015
GAMENET GROUP S.p.A.	2015

COMPANY	PERIODS
INTRALOT HOLDING & SERVICES S.p.A.	2011-2015
INTRALOT GAMING MACHINES S.p.A.	2012-2015
INTRALOT ITALIA S.p.A	2011-2015
VENETA SERVIZI S.R.L.	2011-2015
GAMENET S.p.A.	2011-2015
GAMENET ENTERTAINMENT S.R.L.	2011-2015
GAMENET SCOMMESSE S.p.A.	2011-2015
GAMENET RENTING S.R.L.	2011-2015
GAMENET FORMAZIONE S.R.L.	2011-2015
GNETWORK S.R.L.	2011-2015
VERVE S.p.A.	2011-2015
BILLIONS ITALIA S.R.L.	2011-2015

In Intralot South Africa LTD the tax audit is in progress for the year 2014 as well as in Lotrich Information Co Ltd concerning the intra-group transactions-related issues.

C. COMMITMENTS
(i) Operating lease payment commitments:

On the 30th of June 2016 within the Group there have been various operating lease agreements relating to rental of buildings and motor vehicles. Rental costs have been included in the income statement for the period ended on June 30, 2016.

Future minimum lease payments of non-cancelable lease contracts as at June 30, 2016 are as follows:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Within 1 year	8.287	9.192	929	939
Between 2 and 5 years	12.516	15.826	1.779	1.862
Over 5 years	2.692	2.902	1.024	1.180
Total	23.495	27.920	3.732	3.981

(ii) Guarantees:

The Company and the Group on June 30, 2016 had the following contingent liabilities from guarantees for:

	GROUP		COMPANY	
	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Bid	904	919	3	919
Performance	235.381	238.918	82.094	73.397
Financing	48.728	50.253	40.213	42.181
Total	285.013	290.090	122.310	116.497

	GROUP	
	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Guarantees issued by the parent and subsidiaries:		
- third party	241.583	290.090
- third party on behalf of affiliates	43.430	0
Total	285.013	290.090

	COMPANY	
	30/6/2016	31/12/2015
Guarantees issued by the parent:		
- third party on behalf of subsidiaries	75.443	113.060
- third party on behalf of affiliates	43.430	0
- third party on behalf of the parent	3.437	3.437
Total	122.310	116.497

(iii) Financial lease payment commitments:

GROUP	Minimum of the lease payments	Present value of the minimum lease payments	Minimum of the lease payments	Present value of the minimum lease payments
	30/6/2016	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	31/12/2015
Within one year	2.087	1.946	7.124	6.815
After one year but not more than five years	1.117	1.073	2.059	1.966
After more than five years	0	0	0	0
Minus: Interest	-185	0	-402	0
Total	3.019	3.019	8.781	8.781

The Company has no obligations under finance leases.

2.21 COMPARABLE FIGURES

In the data presented in the previous year were limited size adjustments / reclassifications for comparative purposes, without significant impact on equity, turnover and profit after tax for the previous year the Group and the Company.

2.22 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

In August 2016, INTRALOT Group announced that it has entered into discussions on an exclusive basis with the company Tatts, regarding a possible sale of INTRALOT's business in Australia and New Zealand.

Maroussi, August 31st, 2016

**THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF
DIRECTORS**

**S.P. KOKKALIS
ID. No. AI 091040**

THE GROUP CFO

**G. SP. KOLIASTASIS
ID No. Σ 699882**

THE GROUP CEO

**A.I. KERASTARIS
ID. No. AI 682788**

THE GROUP ACCOUNTING DIRECTOR

**N. G.PAVLAKIS
ID.No. AZ 012557
H.E.C. License
No. 15230/ A' Class**

INTRALOT Group

SEMI-ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT for the period ended JUNE 30, 2016

3. Figures and Information for the period January 1, 2016 until June 30, 2016

INTRALOT S.A.									
INTEGRATED LOTTERY SYSTEMS AND SERVICES									
Company's Number in the General Electronic Commercial Registry: 818201000 - (Public Companies (S.A.) Reg. No. 27074/06/18/92/9)									
Company Domicile: 64 Kifissia Av. & 3 Pireneis Str., Marousi 15125									
Figures and information for the period from 1st January 2016 to 30th June 2016									
According to 4/507/28.4.2009 resolution of the Board of Directors of the Greek Capital Commission									
Amounts in '000									
The figures presented below aim to provide summary information about the financial position and results of INTRALOT S.A. and INTRALOT's Group. Therefore, it is recommended to any reader who is willing to proceed to any kind of investment decision or other transaction concerning the company, to visit the company's web site where the Financial Statements according to IFRS are posted, accompanied by the Auditor's Review Report where appropriate.									
Certified Auditor:									
Evaggelos D. Kosmatos Reg.No/S.O.E.I. 13561									
Georgios N. DeGjannakis Reg.No/S.O.E.I. 15791									
Auditing Firm:									
S.O.I.S.A. Reg. No/S.O.E.I. 125									
Grant Thornton Reg.No/S.O.E.I. 127									
Type of auditors review report:									
Unqualified opinion									
Regulatory Authority:									
Ministry of Economy, Infrastructure, Marine and Tourism, Department for Companies and G.S.M.									
Financial Statements approval date:									
August 31, 2016									
Web site:									
www.intralot.com									
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION GROUP / COMPANY					CASH FLOW STATEMENT GROUP / COMPANY (total operations)				
GROUP		COMPANY		GROUP		COMPANY			
30/6/2016	31/12/2015	30/6/2016	31/12/2015	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015
ASSETS									
Tangible Assets	130,257	166,445	17,910	17,338	Operating Activities	19,581	25,716	-1,399	328
Investment Property	5,255	5,805	0	0	Profit/(loss) before Taxation (continuing operations)	36,270	-8,103	0	0
Intangible Assets	321,886	328,827	84,298	83,164	Profit/(loss) before Taxation (discontinued operations)	0	0	0	0
Other Non-Current Assets	205,378	146,289	184,908	175,377	Plus/less Depreciation and Amortization	49,756	47,641	5,346	4,409
Inventories	38,730	42,591	25,937	24,064	Result/Income, expenses, gain and loss/(from Investing Activities	2,669	2,417	-1,923	5,523
Trade Receivables	95,504	123,065	63,169	63,169	Interest and similar expenses	-37,214	-6,029	-8,228	-18,845
Other Current Assets	283,961	356,281	100,589	99,782	Less: Interest and similar income	35,122	35,154	9,643	14,399
Assets held for sale	31,862	0	0	0	Plus/less adjustments of working capital to net cash or related to operating activities:	-6,363	-7,887	-1,640	-1,947
TOTAL ASSETS	1,113,338	1,169,297	466,960	463,234	Decrease/(increase) of Inventories	-215	1,576	-1,873	4,531
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES									
Share Capital	47,689	47,689	47,689	47,689	Decrease/(increase) of Receivable Accounts	-251	-13,075	10,101	8,417
Other Equity Elements	38,504	81,874	52,262	52,262	(Decrease)/Increase of Payable Accounts (except Banks)	1,843	-19,151	-2,523	-12,761
Shareholders' Equity (a)	146,593	129,563	99,951	100,238	Income Tax Paid	15,028	16,507	0	0
Non-Controlling Interest (b)	61,669	72,819	0	0	Total Inflows / (outflows) from Operating Activities (a)	86,120	51,252	6,504	4,654
Total Shareholders' Equity (c)=(a)+(b)	208,262	202,382	99,951	100,238	Investing Activities				
Long-term Debt	508,700	718,060	287,806	280,673	(Purchases)/Sales of subsidiaries, associates, joint ventures and other investments	-22,632	10,600	-1,745	-1,745
Provisions / Other Long Term Liabilities	45,896	48,772	14,642	14,777	Purchases of tangible and intangible assets	-28,721	-35,957	-6,865	-6,668
Short-term Debt	215,801	36,108	1,238	1,238	Proceeds from sales of tangible and intangible assets	2,343	1,519	7	0
Other Short-term Liabilities	120,167	158,903	64,436	66,168	Interest received	4,664	7,374	1,189	3,719
Liabilities directly related to assets held for sale	15,238	0	0	0	Dividends received	1,011	1,867	8,350	3,976
Total Liabilities (d)	905,076	966,915	367,009	362,996	Total Inflows / (outflows) from Investing Activities (b)	-43,345	-14,502	2,886	2,484
TOTAL EQUITY AND LIABILITIES (c)+(d)	1,113,338	1,169,297	466,960	463,234	Financing Activities				
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY GROUP / COMPANY									
GROUP		COMPANY							
30/6/2016	30/6/2015	30/6/2016	30/6/2015	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015
Net equity at the beginning of the period (1/1/2016 and 1/1/2015 respectively)									
	207,382	217,539	100,258	103,663	Treasury shares repurchase	-3,375	0	0	0
Effect on retained earnings from previous years adjustments	116	-4	0	-18	Treasury shares repurchase	-180	0	-180	0
Total comprehensive income / (expenses) for the year after tax (continuing and discontinued operations)	34,519	-662	-127	-283	Cash inflows from loans	22,122	24,838	10,000	19,604
Dividends to equity holders of parent / non-controlling interest	-30,200	-52,111	0	0	Repayment of loans	-39,819	-24,508	-10,747	-5,947
Subsidiary share capital return	-3,375	0	0	0	Bond buy back	-14,232	-39,214	0	0
Treasury shares repurchase	180	0	0	0	Repayment of finance lease obligations	-5,743	-5,773	0	0
Subsidiary share capital Increase	0	154	0	0	Interest on similar expenses paid	-31,469	-33,764	-3,168	-5,711
Net Equity of the period Closing Balance (30/6/2016 and 30/6/2015 respectively)	208,262	204,916	99,951	103,382	Dividends paid	-27,959	-19,678	0	0
					Total Inflows / (outflows) from Financing Activities (c)	-94,725	-98,001	-4,092	2,946
					Net increase / (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents for the period (a)+(b)+(c)	-52,950	-21,456	6,302	9,516
					Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	276,609	416,975	35,859	7,875
					Net foreign exchange difference	-3,175	-5,558	452	-434
					Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period from total operations	219,484	339,921	42,616	16,957
					Less: Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period from discontinued operations	-6,308	0	0	0
					Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period from continuing operations	213,086	339,921	42,616	16,957
INCOME STATEMENT GROUP / COMPANY									
GROUP		COMPANY							
1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015	1/1-30/6/2016	1/1-30/6/2015
Sale Proceeds									
	636,871	618,972	531,890	529,902	39,349	15,229	24,212	24,212	
Less: Cost of Sales	-517,673	-502,821	-271,630	-238,340	-28,340	-25,282	-8,634	-13,727	
Gross Profit / (Loss)	119,198	116,151	60,260	54,590	9,759	13,367	6,605	10,475	
Other Operating Income	10,210	12,381	3,940	7,487	14,447	35,075	9,445	33,588	
Selling Expenses	-27,414	-27,332	-13,958	-12,869	-5,264	-3,854	-2,212	-1,830	
Administrative Expenses	-42,404	-45,600	-21,609	-23,236	-6,468	-6,257	-3,228	-3,249	
Research and Development Expenses	-2,697	-4,353	-863	-2,238	-2,663	-4,316	-848	-2,249	
Other Operating Expenses	-1,375	-3,471	-691	-2,322	-13,322	-14,146	-12,285	-14,147	
EBIT	55,518	47,747	27,579	21,411	-2,546	29,869	-2,503	32,588	
Income/(expenses) from participations and investments	-1,358	802	-2,426	1,687	9,599	-19,912	4,958	-24,588	
Gain/(Loss) from assets disposal, impairment loss and write-off of assets	-1,772	248	-1,669	-434	5	0	0	0	
Interest and similar expenses	-34,124	-34,756	-16,754	-17,086	-9,643	-14,399	-4,770	-7,165	
Interest and related income	6,236	7,832	3,042	4,011	1,640	1,947	876	931	
Exchange differences	-3,146	4,075	468	3,000	-454	2,823	-7	-1,204	
Profit / (Loss) from equity method	-1,773	-1,932	-834	-1,162	0	0	0	0	
Profit / (Loss) before tax from continuing operations	19,581	25,716	9,386	5,427	-1,399	328	-1,446	442	
Net Profit / (Loss) after tax from continuing operations	-15,315	-25,369	-6,394	-12,494	1,340	-612	1,166	301	
Net Profit / (Loss) after tax from discontinued operations	4,266	347	2,992	-7,067	-59	-284	-280	743	
Net Profit / (Loss) after tax (continuing and discontinued operations) (A)	35,288	-8,310	37,417	-6,146	0	0	0	0	
Attributable to:									
Equity holders of parent	10,394	-30,994	31,406	-22,074	-59	-284	-280	743	
Non-Controlling Interest	20,160	23,013	9,013	8,063	0	0	0	0	
Other comprehensive income / (expenses), after tax (B)	-5,035	7,201	5,527	-18,931	-68	1	-22	2	
Total comprehensive income / (expenses) after tax (A) + (B)	34,519	-662	45,986	-32,142	-127	-283	-302	745	
Attributable to:									
Equity holders of parent	17,175	-23,327	36,714	-35,926	-127	-283	-302	745	
Non-Controlling Interest	17,344	22,665	9,272	3,782	0	0	0	0	
Earnings / (loss) after tax per share (in euro)									
Basic	0,1225	-0,1956	0,1983	-0,1393	-0,0004	-0,0018	-0,0018	0,0047	
Diluted	0,1225	-0,1956	0,1983	-0,1393	-0,0004	-0,0018	-0,0018	0,0047	
EBITDA	88,899	80,165	44,392	37,919	2,800	34,278	179	34,808	
Proposed dividend per share (in €)	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	0,00	

Supplementary information:

- The same accounting policies have been followed as the year-end consolidated financial statements 31/12/2015 except for the change resulting from the adoption of new or revised accounting standards and interpretations as mentioned in note 2.1.4 of the interim financial statements.
- The companies included in the consolidation of 30/6/2016 and not in the consolidation of 30/6/2015 due to subsequent acquisition/establishment are the following: B&B Investment Ltd, Intralot C.S.A., Tecno Action Uruguay S.A., Entapango LTD (subsidiaries), as well as B&B LTD, Switch NV, Gammat Group S.p.A., Gammat Entertainment S.r.l., Gammat Scimmiesse S.p.A., Outbreak S.r.l., B&B Italia S.r.l. (associates) (note 2.18.A of interim financial statements). Also, during the third and fourth quarter of 2016 the Group acquired an additional 15% of shares with voting rights in the subsidiary Intralot Inc increasing its holding to 30%, while during the fourth quarter of 2015 the Group participated in the share capital increase of subsidiary Intralot Interactive SA, increasing its shareholding from 50.20% to 95.94%. The written Acrops S.p.A., Nefeli S.A., Intralot Dominicana S.A., Gammat Solutions International Ltd and Gammat Group LTD are in the process of liquidation. On March 2016 the liquidation of the associate company Acrops S.p.A. LTD was completed.
- On 25/6/2016 the Group announced that it has signed an agreement, with "Vitalini Capital Partners Group", the main shareholder of Gammat S.p.A. ("Gammat") in Italy, concerning the merge of the Italian activities of the INTRALOT Group (subsidiaries companies Intralot Holding & Services S.p.A., Intralot Campi Matrone S.p.A., Intralot Italia S.p.A. and Viretta Service Srl) into those of Gammat, one of the largest network concessionaires of iLTD, betting and online gaming in the country. This announcement was made following the announcement of the signing of a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) on 21/3/2016. Following the completion of the transaction on 27/6/2016 and the approval of the competent Competition Authority, INTRALOT Group is envisaged to control 20% of the combined operations (Gammat Group S.p.A. - note 2.18.A.II of interim financial statements), with a network of approximately 750 betting POS, that will continue to use INTRALOT's brand name, ca. 8-200 iLTDs, over 50,000 iLTDs and more than 60 directly owned and managed gaming halls. On 31/2/2016 the above activities of the Group in Italy were classified as assets held for sale and discontinued operations (note 2.18.A.III.A of interim financial statements). Since 30/6/2016, the Group consolidates 20% of the combined activity (Gammat Group S.p.A. - note 2.18.A.II of interim financial statements) with the equity method.
- On 26/5/2016 the Group announced that it has reached an agreement with Intra Group to sell 80% of Intralot de Paris S.A.C., its 100% owned subsidiary in Paris. After the transaction the Group will continue to be the company's technological provider and will hold a 20% participation in Intralot de Paris S.A.C.'s capital stock. Intralot de Paris S.A.C. operates national games and sports betting in the country through a network of 1,700 POS and the IntraNet. The agreement is in line with Intra's strategy to create, in selected countries, strategic partnerships with strong local partners that offer substantial synergies and local market know-how, strengthening the development of the local business. Closing of the transaction is subject to the completion of certain condition precedents typical for this kind of transaction including third party consents. On 30/6/2016 the above activities of the Group in Paris were classified as assets held for sale and discontinued operations (note 2.18.A.IV of interim financial statements).
- On April 2016, the Group announced the acquisition, through its Bulgarian subsidiary B&B Investment Ltd, of a strategic stake in Eurobet Ltd a leading gaming company in Bulgaria. The Group acquired a 4% stake in Eurobet, a company that offers to the Bulgarian market numerical games and scratch tickets through a network of 1,100 points of sales countrywide. The Group already has strong presence in the country as 40% owner of Eurobetball, offering fixed odds and live betting through a network of 850 shops, since 2002. The cost of the transaction amounts to € 14.5 million and will be paid as follows: 10 million deposit and the remaining amount in instalments over an 18 months period. The EV / Ebitda ratio for the acquisition of the shares amounted to approximately 5x. The acquisition was completed in early July 2016, after approval by the Competition Protection Commission. The Eurobet Group (Eurobet Ltd, Eurobet Trading Ltd & BCS SA) will be consolidated from July 2016 with the full consolidated method.
- The Group's provisions at 30/6/2016 that refer to legal issues amount to €5.0 million, those referring to unaudited tax periods and tax audit expenses amount to €4.3 million and €3.9 million refer to other provisions. The respective amounts for the Company amount to €5.0 million (legal issues), €3.9 million (provisions for unaudited tax years and tax audit expenses) and €4.1 million (other provisions) (note 2.18.C & 2.20 of interim financial statements).
- The number of employees of the Group at the end of the current period amounted to 1,233 (1,491 Company/subsidiaries and associates 443) and the Company 671 persons. Correspondingly on 30/6/2015 the number of employees of the Group amounted to 5,301 persons (5,103 Company/subsidiaries and associates 198) and the Company 678 persons. In the end of 2015 the number of employees of the Group amounted to 5,860 persons (1,963 Company/subsidiaries and associates 137) and the Company 660 persons.

Marousi, August 31, 2016

THE CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD OF DIRECTORS

THE GROUP CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

THE GROUP CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

THE GROUP ACCOUNTING DIRECTOR

S. P. KOKKALIS
ID. No. AI 09140

A. I. KERASTARIS
ID. No. AI 682788

G. SP. ROLIASTASIS
ID. No. S 699882

N.G. PAVLAKIS
ID. No. AZ 012557
H.E.C. No. 15230/A' Class